Bedford Inquirer.

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BY DAVID OVER. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY, APRIL 9, 1858. VOL. 31, NO. 15.

Select Poetry.

WHEN I AM OLD.

When I am old—and, O how soon
Will life's sweet morning yield to noon
And noon's broad, fervid, earnest light
Be shaded in the solemn night!
Till, like a story well nigh told,
Will seem my life—when I am old.

When I am old, this breezy earth
Will lose for me its voice of mirth—
The streams will have an under one
Of sadness not by right their own.
And spring's sweet power in vain unfold
In rosy charms—when I am old.

When I am old, I shall not care
To deck with flowers my faded hair;
'Twill be no vain desire of mine
In rich and costly dress to shine:
Bright jewels and the brightest gold
Will charm me naught—when I am old.

When I am old, my friends will be
Old, and infirm, and bowed, like me;
Or else, their bodies 'neath the sod,
Their spirits dwelling safe with God,
The old church bell will long have tolled
Above the rest—when I am old.

When I am old I'd rather bend
Thus sadly o'er each buried friend,
Than see them lose the earnest truth,
That marks the friendship of our youth;
'Twill be so sad to have them cold
Or strange to me—when I am old!

When I am old—O how it seems
Like the wild lunacy of dreams,
To picture in prophetic rhyme
That dim, far distant, shadowy time;
So distant that it seems o'er bold
Even to say—'When I am old!'

When I am old—perhaps ere then
I shall be missed from haunts of men;
Perhaps my dwelling will be found
Beneath the green and quiet mound,
My name by stranger hands enrolled
Among the dead—*ere* I am old.

Ere I am old—that time is now,
For youth sits lightly on my brow;
My limbs are firm, and strong, and free,
Life has a thousand charms for me;
Charms that will long their influence hold
Within my heart—ere I am old.

Ere I am old—O let me give
My life to learning *how to live!*
Then shall I meet with willing heart
An early summons to depart,
Or find my length ned days consoled
By God's sweet peace—when I am old.

AGRICULTURAL.

From the American Agriculturist.

Hints on Farm Work for April.

Let the fences all be repaired as soon as possible, if any of that work is left over from last month.

Get out the manures and composts for the Spring and Summer crops. In this, better fertilize half the ground well, than go over the whole with only a scant supply.

If the meadows have not been already top dressed with manure for the season, they had better be postponed till after haying, as the raw portions of the dung will remain, and be in the way of the scythe, and mowing machine. Besides this, the soil will be badly cut up by the teams, and wagon, or cart wheels, doing it more hurt than the dung will do it good. Let the loose stones be also picked off the mowing lots, and carried off altogether. Putting them in heaps, large or small, only gives a harbor for mice, moles, and other vermin intent on mischief.

Clean up the door and wood yards of their winter litter. Put the chips under cover, if you have any, and pile up all stray and loose lumber. Rake and pitch together the litter of the barnyards where it can rot down into muck or compost. "Slick up" generally, so that the whole premises may look tidy and comfortable.

This is the month to set out shade and fruit trees. Dig large holes—"not so big as your hat," but three, four, five, or six feet in diameter, so as to give ample space, and more too—for the roots, which the trees now have, but for the young fibres that will strike from them in the next year or two.

Put in the plows for the coming crops. Plow deep not while sluggards sleep only, but plow deep always. Recollect you have a most excellent farm right below the one you now occupy, and only about six or eight inches under it, where the roots of your previous crops have seldom penetrated. Only work into this new farm thoroughly, say three to six inches; and let it see daylight by throwing its fresh soil up to the sun, and the effects, after the first year or two, will surprise you. Don't mind the "hard plowing." Put on an extra team or two, or if you have not that extra team of your own, change work with a neighbor, and you will be well compensated in the crops—next year, if not this. Don't be afraid of that "nasty yaller clay," or that "leachy gravel," or "poor, sandy stuff," if it does come up. If not quite as good the first year, it will be the second, and soon you will have a deep, rich soil a foot deep, where you only had from two to six inches before. When well plowed, and the surface dry, put on the harrow, the teeth sharp and thick, and tear it up as finely as possible.

Plant early potatoes as soon as the ground is warm enough. Let the peas, barley, Spring wheat and oats be in as soon as possible. One day of early spring growth is worth a week of June or July in giving a thrifty stalk and well filled head.

Fix the ground for corn and beans, the latter part of the month, and let it lie up to the sun to thoroughly warm, so as to be ready to plant in good season—the right time to plant you know better than we do, as we are ignorant of the exact place you live. Corn ought to come up quickly, and then grow right on, without stopping a day till it ripens. Stunted corn, be it either by cold in the ground after planting, or frost, or drouth after it comes up, never gets forward like that which has no pull backs. And in a corn country like ours, where we rely largely on that crop to make our meats, as well as to sell, and eat, it should receive the very best part of our attention.

If the apple and other orchard trees have not been pruned all they need—and which is not much, if they have been attended to as they ought to have been years before—take off the useless sprouts and limbs of the last year's growth. Cut out the broken branches, if there be any; put crutches under and straighten up the leaning trees; throw the head into shape, and let them go on rejoicing in the protection of a good master who appreciates their value.

Get the tools all into order and keep them so.

When the field is plowed bring the plow in, and put it under cover; so with the harrow, and other tools. Have a place for them and let them be in their place, so you can put your hand upon them in the dark. The same with shovels, hoes, axes—indeed everything you work with on the farm, as sleds, wagons and carts, inclusive.

The cows are now bringing in their calves. We have already told you how to manage them, as well as the sheep with their lambs.

Young colts usually drop in this month, and in May. Look well to the mares about this time. Don't work them hard for a few days before and after dropping the foal. A sweated mare is more injured in the way of her milk for the young foal, than is almost anything else. She may work constantly after the colt is a week old, but the work must be uniform, and not hurried. Her blood must be kept equable, and her feed generous. Chopped hay, or straw with meal of some kind is best, being easy of digestion, and producing plenty of milk.

Let the cows be still stabled every night until the weather is warm enough for lying out. Cows are just as liable to catch cold by exposure as folks are, and as their coats are now coming off they are thinner haired than usual, for a month or more.

In short, look well to everything about the place. "Whatsoever your eye sees, or your hands find to do, do it with all your might, and in good time." "Eternal vigilance is the price of"—success in anything, except a windfall of good fortune; but as we "common folks" have no especial expectations in that line, we must trust to our own stout hands and willing minds for the achievement of what good fortune is to attend us in life; and, as "April fool's" day is now past, we hope the balance of the month is going to be appropriated to the getting of wisdom and understanding, as well as the getting in of our future crops, on which our success for the whole year is to rely. April is, perhaps, the most important month in the whole season.

EARLY PLANTS.—A very convenient method of starting early corn, sugar cane, cabbage, tomatoes, cucumbers, and indeed almost any kind of plants, is the following:

Take an under sod, (not too grassy,) or tenaceous muck and cut it into cubes, say two inches each way. Insert one or more seeds in the center of each, and then pack the pieces closely together and firmly down upon a box of earth, to be kept moderately moist. This box can be set in the cellar on frosty days and nights, and be carried out into the sun at other times. When the seeds are up and transplanting out is admissible, take up the cubes and transplant them to the open ground.—This can be done without disturbing the roots, or scarcely retarding the growth of the young plants.

Seeds of cucumbers, melons, tomatoes, &c., are sometimes planted in soil placed in old or cheap baskets, with rather open work. These are hung up out of the way of frost, being exposed to the sun during the day. At the proper time these baskets are simply imbedded in the hill even with the surface, and left there. The roots will find their way out into the soil through the open work of the sides. A few hills thus started, with little trouble, will often produce a crop some weeks in advance of those sown at first in the open ground.—*Ib.*

SOW CLOVERSEED NOW.—We have found no more successful mode of sowing clover, or clover and timothy upon winter grain fields, than to choose a still morning, when the ground is a little frozen, and scatter the seed broadcast. It falls in the open frost cracks, and when thawing takes place, is beautifully and uniformly covered near the surface, and is almost sure to germinate. A good crop of clover, thus sowed, acts partly as a mulch to the grain roots, yields a supply of fall feed, and is most admirable to be turned under when knee high the next year, as one of the best manures that can be applied to any soil.—*Ib.*

AN AMUSING SKETCH.

From the novel entitled the Wetherby's, we take the following amusing account of an old man's second marriage. It will be seen that Mrs. Brill was a 'brick:'

Colonel Baxter's nuptials! We—the whole regiment—turned out in full dress to witness their celebration. Even Mrs. Brill had went to the expense of a white satin slip and a bonnet trimmed with orange blossoms for the occasion. (Brill had been appointed brigade-major of the division. The colonel looked about forty years of age. The bride was certainly a very pretty girl. Major Green gave her away. I wished Mrs. Brill had stayed at home; for her mind was always running on matters of business, and she made me laugh in the church, close to the altar, by saying seriously, in a whisper, 'She'll come nicely on the fund, cornet, as a colonel's widow, if anything happens to old Baxter! It's a fraud! He ought to be ashamed of himself! I wish the old woman's ghost could walk in just now, and see what was the use of her saving and pinching as she did. This young woman will spend it all you know. I should like to catch Brill making such a fool of himself, after *I'm* dead and gone, and ducks and drakes of all I have scraped together. When *I'm* dying, I'll burn every bit of company's paper, or tear it into little bits, and throw it into the chicken broth I shall call for on purpose; and then, if Brill likes to marry again, let him. It will be quite optional.'

'Hush!' said I. 'The parson is looking at you.'

'Well, let him look, the pasty faced man,' said Mrs. Brill. 'I think he might have put on a clean what you may call it, surplus,' (she meant surplice,) 'although it is a dirty business he is engaged in—marrying an old painted man to a mere child. There were we pitying old Baxter not long ago, when the old lady died; and now you see there are all the cornets envying him. The world is full of hypocrisy and humbug. What can that young girl care about that old thing? It is not in human nature. 'She will be Mrs. Colonel Baxter, and have a carriage and pair, and all the rest of it.'

'So long as ye both shall live,' said the clergyman, concluding the vow.

'I will,' said the colonel.

'I will!' echoed Mrs. Brill in a loud whisper. 'Why, his three-score and ten is up already—so that his promissory note is overdue before he makes it.'

I could contain myself no longer. I tittered aloud. My wife, who was leaning on my arm, gave me a look expressive of extreme disgust; but it did not reduce me to gravity.—On the contrary, it provoked me to titter loudly again.

'For richer and poorer.' When the old Col. came to these words, Mrs. Brill whispered to me, 'He'll be *poorer* pretty soon, I warrant you, *'Give thee my troth!'* she repeated after the colonel. 'Bring her on the fund, and give her a pension! I say it's a fraud!'

'With this ring I thee wed,' old Baxter feebly repeated after the clergyman.

'With this fiddlestick!' whispered Mrs. Brill carrying on her commentary loud enough for me to hear her. 'I have no patience with an old man who paints his cheeks, and dyes his hair, and comes to church clothed in such abominable falsehood.'

'Yes, and thou shalt see thy children's children,' said the minister.

'Children's children, indeed! Now the very idea,' Mrs. Brill.

"You had better leave the church, Robert," whispered my wife, 'if you cannot behave better.'

Mrs. Brill heard her, and replied. 'He had better stay where he is. You wouldn't have him cry, would you?'

"*Hush,*" said I, in an agony of fear lest Mrs. Brill should come to words with my wife, and interrupt the ceremony.

'Spot or wrinkle, or any such thing.' When the minister came to these words Mrs. Brill was very indignant.

'Spot or wrinkle!' she repeated. 'He has filled up all the wrinkles with white paint and putty! I could pick it out with a penknife! The old man is a walking fraud. I've no patience with him; and I will say so at the breakfast. Brill is on the staff, and can no longer be bullied by any ragamuffian of a commanding officer.

* * * * * *

My wife, when we came out of church, begged of me not to sit near Mrs. Brill at the breakfast. But of what avail was my promise, since Mrs Brill was determined to sit next to me?

"Robert, there is room for you here," said my wife, when we were about to be seated, and she pointed to a vacant chair. Mrs. Brill observed her look and said.

"Don't be alarmed, Mrs. Wetherby. Although bolting they say is catching, when it gets into a regiment, don't suppose I'd be so weak as to go off with the cornet, Brill on the staff."

Sophy roared with laughter; and so did every one who heard Mrs. Brill's remark.

"Have you congratulated the colonel?" I inquired of Mrs. Brill.

"No said she, "and I don't intend. I am not an impostor and hypocrite, like some other ladies whom I could mention." (She looked at my wife.) "I always speak my feelings. An honest man's the noblest work of God—and so's a woman."

I filled Mrs. Brill's glass several times with champagne, and the beverage appeared to improve her temper. I trod upon her toe by accident, and she looked blandly in my face and said:

"Don't flirt with me, cornet, before your wife, or you'll be making her unhappy, poor thing; and she's not a bad creature, though she looks a wretched dawdle, and has no more idea of housekeeping than a black-brush has. It was unfortunate that she chummed with Mrs. Fifeleigh, for her character is compromised by it, poor thing. Don't flirt with me, cornet. Brill, too, has got his bleary eyes on us."

A BACHELOR'S THERMOMETER.

At 16, Impatient palpition towards the ladies.

At 17, Blushing and confusion in conversing with them.

At 18, Confidence in conversing with them increased.

At 19, Angry if treated by them as a boy.

At 20, Very conscious of his own charms and manliness.

At 21, A looking glass in his room indispensible—to admire himself.

At 22, Insufferable puppyism.

At 23, Thinks no woman good enough for him.

At 24, Caught unawares by the snares of Cupid.

At 25, The connexion broken off, for self-conceit on his own part.

At 26, Conducts himself with much superiority towards her.

At 27, Pays his addresses to another lady, not without the hope of mortifying the first.

At 28, Mortified and frantic at being refused.

At 29, Rails against the fair sex in general.

At 30, Morose and out of humor in all conversation on matrimony.

At 31, Contemplates matrimony more under the influence of his interest than formerly.

At 32, Considers personal beauty in a wife not so indispensable as formerly.

At 33, Still maintains a high opinion of his own attractions as a husband.

At 34, Consequently has no idea but he may still marry a "chicken."

At 35, Falls deeply and violently in love with one of seventeen.

At 36, Another refusal.

At 37, Indulges in every kind of dissipation.

At 38, Shuns the best part of the female sex.

At 39, Suffers much remorse and mortification on so doing.

At 40, A fresh budding of matrimonial ideas—no spring shoots.

At 41, A very nice young widow perplexes him.

At 42, Ventures to address her with mixed sensations of love and interest.

At 43, Interest prevails, which causes much cautious reflection.

At 44, The widow jilts him, being as cautious as himself.

At 45, Becomes every day more averse to the fair sex.

At 46, Gouty and nervous symptoms begin to appear.

At 47, Fears what may become of him when old and infirm.

At 48, Thinks living "alone" quite irksome.

At 49, Resolves to have a very prudent 'young' woman as housekeeper and companion.

At 50, Nervous affectation about him, and frequent attacks of the gout.

At 51, Much pleased with his own housekeeper as a nurse.

At 52, Begins to feel 'some' attachment to her.

At 53, His pride revolts at the idea of marrying her.

At 54, Is in very great distress how to act.

At 55, Completely under her influence and miserable.

At 56, Many painful thoughts about parting with her.

At 57, She refuses to live any longer with him *solo.*

At 58, Gouty, nervous and billious to excess.

At 59, Falls very ill, sends for her to his bedside, and intends espousing her.

At 60, Grows rapidly worse, has his will made in her favor, and makes his exit.—*Punch.*

LETTER OF A DYING WIFE TO HER HUSBAND.

The following touching fragment of a letter from a dying wife to her husband, was found by him some months after her death, between the leaves of a religious volume, which she was very fond of perusing. The letter was written long before her husband was aware that the grasp of a fatal disease had fastened upon the lovely form of his wife, who died at the early age of nineteen:

"When this shall reach your eye, dear George, some day when you are turning over the relics of the past, I shall have passed away forever, and the cold white stone will be keeping its lonely watch over the lips you have so often pressed, and the sod will be growing green that shall hide forever from your sight the dust of one who has often nestled close to your warm heart. For many long and sleepless nights, when all besides my thoughts were at rest, I have wrestled with a consciousness of approaching death, until at last it has forced itself upon my mind; and although to you, to others, it might now seem but the nervous imaginings of a girl, yet, dear George, it is so!—Many weary hours have I passed in the endeavor to reconcile myself to leave you, whom I love so well, and this bright world of sunshine and beauty; and hard indeed it is to struggle on silently and alone with the sure conviction that I am about to leave all forever and go down into the dark valley! "But I know in whom I have believed," and leaning on His arm, "I fear no evil."

Do not blame me for keeping even all this from you. How could I subject you, of all others, to such a sorrow as I feel at parting, when time will soon make it apparent to you? I could have wished to live if only to be at your side when your time shall come, and pillowing your head upon my breast, wipe the death damps from your brow, and usher your departing spirit into the Maker's presence, embalmed in woman's holiest prayer. But it is not to be—and I submit. Yours is the privilege of watching, through long and dreary nights, for the spirit's final flight, and of transferring my sinking head from your breast to my Savior's bosom. And you shall share my last thought, and the last faint pressure of my hand, and the last feeble kiss shall be yours, and even when flesh and heart shall have failed me, my eyes shall rest on yours until glazed by death; and our spirits shall hold one last communion, until gently fading from my view—the last of earth—you shall mingle with the first bright glimpses of the unfading glories of the better world, where partings are unknown. Well do I know the spot, my dear George, where you will lay me; often we stood by the place, and as we watched the mellow sun set as it glanced in quivering flashes thro' the leaves, and burnished the grassy mounds around us with the stripes of burnished gold, each has thought that some day one of us would come alone, and whichever it might be, your name would be on the stone. But we loved the spot, and I know you will love it none the less when you see the same quiet sunlight linger and play among the grass that grows over your Mary's grave. I know you will go there, and my spirit will be with you then, and whisper among the waving branches—"I am not lost, but gone before."

THE HAIR OF THE PRESIDENTS.

In the Patent Office at Washington, there are many objects of interests, connected with the government and those who administered its affairs in times gone by. While examining some of these objects of curiosity, when in Washington in December last, there was nothing that struck us so forcible as the samples, or small locks of hair, taken from the heads of different chief magistrates, from Washington down to Pierce, secured in a frame covered with glass. Here is in fact a parcel of what once constituted the living body of those illustrious individuals whose names are as familiar as household words, but who now live only in history and remembrance of the past.

The hair of Washington is nearly a pure white, fine and smooth in appearance.

That of John Adams is nearly the same in color, though perhaps a little coarse.

The hair of Jefferson is of a different character, being a mixture of white and auburn or a sandy brown, and rather coarse. In his youth Mr. Jefferson's hair was remarkable for its color.

The hair of Madison is coarse, and of a mixed white and dark.

The hair of Monroe is a handsome dark auburn, smooth and free from any admixture whatever. He is the only President, excepting Pierce, whose hair had undergone no change in color.

The hair of John Q. Adams is somewhat peculiar, being coarse, and of a yellowish gray in color.

The hair of General Jackson is almost a perfect white, but coarse in its character, as might be supposed by those who have examined the portraits of the old hero.

The hair of Van Buren is white and smooth in appearance

The hair of General Harrison is a fine white, with a slight admixture of black.

The hair of John Tyler is a mixture of white and brown.

The hair of James K. Polk is almost a pure white.

The hair of General Taylor is white, with a slight admixture of brown.

The hair of Millard Fillmore, is on the other hand, brown, with a slight admixture of white.

The hair of Franklin Pierce is of a dark brown, of which he has a plentiful crop.—*Sunbury American.*

Two country lawyers overtaking a wagoner, and thinking to crack a joke on him, asked, with assumed gravity—

'Pray, mister wagoner, how is it that your lead horse is so fat and the other so lean?'

The wagoner, with sharp penetration, replied:

'Well, ye see the reason is plain—the lead horse is a lawyer, and the other two are his clients.'

The jokers vamosed instanter.

"ALL FLESH IS GRASS.—A Western editor, speaking of one of his brethren of the quill, noted for his fatness, remarked that if the Scripture proverb, that "all flesh is grass," was true, then that man must be a load of hay.

"I suspect I am, from the way the asses are nibbling at me," replied the fat man.

A SLIGHT RESERVATION.—Jones—Ah, times are hard enough. I dined on corned beef and cabbage yesterday!

Brown—Why, what did you do with that pair of ducks, I saw you pay a dollar and a quarter for?

Jones—Oh—ah—yes. Well, I had them besides.

ONE OF THE COMPARISONS.—The Philadelphia Gazettee, speaking of a new prima donna, says, "Her voice is as soft as a roll of velvet, and as tender as a pair of slop shop pantaloons."

POWER OF A BOA-CONSTRICTOR.

His mode of attack gave me an insight into the method by which this species of snake destroys animals. The teeth of the boa constrictors being long, and turned back, something in the fish hook shape, the snake darts out and seizes hold of its prey. Then drawing its head back again, it pulls the animal to the ground at once, and coiling round it, commences the crushing process. The power of squeezing must be enormous. On attempting to skin this animal, the muscles inside had the appearance of strings of rope extending from the head to the tail; these he seemed to have the power of contracting or extending, so that a part that might be three feet long as he coiled himself round your body, could be instantly reduced to about a foot, by this means giving any one in his embrace a very tolerable squeeze.

I have before remarked that these snakes are not considered dangerous to man, as they are not poisonous; and if those attacked had a sharp knife, and managed to keep their arms free, Mr. Snake would get the worst of it. If one happened, however, to be asleep, and a boa constrictor then became familiar, he might so have wound himself round arms and body as to prevent a knife from being used. I have no doubt that they have power sufficient to crush any man to death in a few seconds, did they once get themselves comfortably settled round his ribs; but I never heard of such a case during my residence at Natal, although I made every inquiry from the Kaffirs.*

Formerly there was a great deal of superstition among the Kaffirs with regard to this snake, and a person who killed one had to go through a quarantine of purifying: now, however, they do not seem to care much about them. I saw an old man near the Umbilo river pinning a large boa constrictor to the ground with several assaiges to prevent its wriggling; he had about a dozen different ones stuck into his body, and seemed to think a few more would do no harm. He told me that the snake was a great rascal, and had killed a calf of his, some time before, that he had long watched the opportunity of catching it out of its hole, and at last found it so, when a smart race of some yards ended in the Kaffir assagying the veal eater.—Sporting Scenes amongst the Kaffirs of South Africa, by Captain A. W. Drayson, R. A.

READING ONE'S OWN OBITUARY.

In the days of old Mycall, the publisher of the Newport (Mass.) Herald, (a journal still alive and flourishing,) the Sheriff of old Essex, Philip Bigley, had been asked several times to pay up his arrears of subscription. At last he told Mycall that he would certainly 'hand over' the next morning as sure as he lived. 'If you don't get your money to-morrow, you may be sure I am dead,' said he.'

The morrow came and passed, but no money. Judge of the Sheriff's feelings when, on the morning of the day after, he opened the "Herald," and saw announced the lamented decease of Philip Bagley, Esq., High Sheriff of the county of Essex, with an obituary notice attached, giving the deceased credit for a good many excellent traits of character, but adding that he had one fault very much to be deplored—he was not punctual in paying the printer.

Bagley, without waiting for his breakfast, started for the Herald office. On the way it struck him as singular that none of the many friends and acquaintances he met seemed to be surprised to meet him. They must have read the morning papers. Was it possible they cared so little about him as to have forgotten already that he was no more. Full of perturbation, he entered the printing office to deny that he was dead.

'Why, Sheriff!' exclaimed the facetious editor, 'I thought you were defunct.'

'Defunct!' exclaimed the Sheriff. What put that idea into your head?'

'Why, yourself,' said Mycall. Did you not tell me——'

'Oh! ah! yes! I see,' stammered out the Sheriff. 'Well, there's your money,! And now contradict the report in your next paper, if you please.'

'That's not necessary, friend Bagley,' said the old joker, *'it was only printed in your copy!'*

The good Sheriff lived for many years after this 'sell,' and to the day of his real death always took care to pay the printer.

WEIGHT OF THE CABINET.—A correspondent of the Boston Journal says:

"The present cabinet is composed of "men of weight," as I noticed to-day, on a register kept at the Smithsonian Institution. Howell Cobb is set down at 217½ pounds, Governor Brown at 177; Secretary Toucey at 166, Secretary Thompson at 147; and Gov. Floyd 139. I should judge that General Cass will weigh nearly 200 pounds, although he is not as fleshy as he was a few years since. He is very active for one of his age, and walks to the department of State almost every morning without an overcoat, and with an elastic step.

The only way to cure a boy of staying out late at nights, is to break his legs, or get the calico he runs with to do the house work.

A GOOD REGULATOR.—"How late is it?"

"Look at the boss and see if he is drunk yet, if he is not, it can't be much after eleven o'clock."

'Does he keep good time?'

'Splendid! they regulate the town clock by his nose.'

A JOKE.—A fellow stole a saw, and on his trial told the Judge he only took it in a joke. 'How far did you carry it?' asked the judge.—'Two miles,' answered the prisoner. 'Ah! that's carrying a joke too far" remarked the judge, and the prisoner got three months, unrequited labor.

BEDFORD INQUIRER.

BEDFORD, Pa.

Friday Morning, April 9, 1858.

"FEARLESS AND FREE."

D. OYER - Editor and Proprietor.

The last week's Gazette has a long article attempting to criticise the conduct of Col. John W. Forney, and reading him out of the party for opposing the outrageous attempt of James Buchanan, to force upon the people of Kansas a constitution against their will, and which they have thrice rejected. This is decidedly rich, to say the least of it. John W. Forney has all his life long been a Democrat—one of the strictest sect of Locofocos, and always supported the principles and candidates of his party, right or wrong; but this Lecompton swindle was a little too much for even him, and he has honestly opposed it, knowing that nothing but its defeat would save his party.—The cream of the joke in its reading *him* out of the party lies in this: B. F. Meyers was, until late in the campaign of 1856, an active Know Nothing—instituting Councils and making speeches. He had previously been a Whig, and a Republican, and is, as is seen by the above, a Locofoco of only a few months' standing! The other editor of that paper, G. W. Benford, although he has not belonged to quite so many different parties as Meyers, is only a Locofoco of but a very few years' standing. He commenced political life a few years ago as one of the publishers of the Somerset Herald, a decided Whig journal! These are the men who take upon themselves the exceedingly doubtful task of reading John W. Forney out of his party. Their attempt to do so reminds us of the little dog barking at the moon!

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.

We learn from our friend, Capt. John A. Osborn, that a very serious accident occurred on the Six Mile Run branch of the Broadtop Railroad, in this County, on the 30th ult. It appears that two young men, by the names of Ira Foster and Samuel Long, both residents of that neighborhood, were employed in loading cars with hoop poles, and after getting one loaded, they got on the front of it, and two others got on behind for the purpose of braking. By some means the brake would not work, and the result was that the car ran off; the two men behind threw themselves off but sustained little injury. The other two in front could not get off, and when they came down to the main road at Riddlesburg, they came in contact with four other cars. The collision was fearful, and young Foster had his leg broken above the knee, while the other, Samuel Long, who is only about 14 years of age, had one thigh broken in two places; the other was also broken, and his left foot badly crushed.—They were conveyed to their homes, and the services of a couple of medical gentlemen called into requisition. Foster appears to be doing well, but Long's recovery is considered doubtful.

The Gazette last week attempted to account for the defeat of its editors' lately adopted party, in this Borough, by saying that *eighteen* Locofocos left the Borough, and consequently did not vote. They may have had that many less votes than they had last fall, but according to the Gazette's own showing, *eight* of their men voted for our ticket, which leaves only ten who voted for them last fall, that were not at the polls this Spring. The most of these have left the Borough, and lost their residence. The gains are all in our favor.

Mr. Meyers' bowels yearn in compassion for the few traitors that were beaten. This is all natural. Mr. Meyers' treason to the Whigs, the Republicans, and the Know Nothings, has also been quite recent, and a "fellow-feeling makes us wondrous kind!"

After writing to persons in this District that "all the sympathies of his heart" were with the Free State men in Kansas, Wilson Reilly has basely betrayed them. What was the reward? Who knows? Thanks, however, to the free, unbought, unpurchasable men in the House of Representatives, Wilson Reilly's treason did not accomplish its object, and Heaven, we hope, will prevent it in the future.

We were last week and week before, the guest of D. J. Chapman, Esq., of Philadelphia. DAN is a clever fellow, and always knows how to do the nice thing, to members of the craft, as well as to all others.

A DIRTY DOUGH-FACE.—Beef Bigler, last week stated in the Senate, that he desired to see Kansas come into the Union as a Slave State!

S. S. McGibbons, Esq., City Auditor of Cincinnati, has our thanks for a copy of his Report.

☞ The news of the defeat of Lecompton has been received in different parts of the Union by the firing of cannon and general jollification. The hearts of the people are against Lecompton. The administration is growing weaker every day.

WANTED AT HOME.

The following gentlemen, who have misrepresented Pennsylvania at Washington, are wanted at home. They will return, doubtless, at the close of the present session, never again to return to the seats which, by voting for Lecompton, they have disgraced. The following are the names of these enemies to freedom, not of the servile blacks of the South, but white men, as good citizens, and as much entitled to all the privileges of citizens as themselves.—Mark the names: Mr. Bigler, of the Senate; Messrs. Ahl, Dewart, Dimmick, Florence, Gillis, J. Glancy Jones, Landy, Leidy, Phillips, REILLY and White, of the House. Come home, gentlemen, the cup of your shame is full and overflowing.

WHAT CRITTENDEN'S AMENDMENT IS.—The force of Mr. Crittenden's amendment should be thoroughly understood. We find in the Washington Union the following statement of its provisions, and it is a fair one: "It is voluminous in terms, but simple in actual provisions. It provides that the Lecompton Constitution shall be submitted to the white male inhabitants of the Territory, resident there three months, and citizens of the United States. If a majority approve, then Kansas is to be admitted as a State, by proclamation of the President.

"If, on the contrary, a majority disapprove, then a Convention is to be called to frame a new Constitution, which, in turn, is to be submitted to a like vote of the inhabitants."

DANGER AHEAD.—The Harrisburg Democratic Union is fearful that the Democracy of our State will be fatally disrupted by a secret political association into which its party friends have crept for bad purposes. Possibly it may be the "Molly Maguire" association, and if so, is an old one, which has not been able to make much progress out of the city of its birth. But hear the Union:

"There is a secret society in Pennsylvania, which, whatever its ultimate object, must have for effect the disruption of the Democratic party. Unless it is checked, it will array the united North against the South, and present an insurmountable barrier against the harmonious action of the great party of this confederacy. Prominent Democratic politicians are engaged therein, and would wreck all, in their short-sighted madness, for the purpose of carrying out their ridiculous resolves."

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

Harrisburg was visited with a serious fire on Tuesday night last. The Harrisburg Telegraph says:

The fire originated in a small frame stable, belonging to M'Gowan's Hotel, on the corner of Second and Chestnut streets; and with such rapidity did the flames spread, that three adjoining buildings, belonging to Messrs. Jauss and Myers, were enveloped before the firemen could bring their streams to play upon them. From these, several frame buildings in the rear took fire, and soon after the flames communicated to the Presbyterian church, on Second St. This edifice could have been saved, had the fire apparatus been of the proper efficiency, as the cornice only of one end first took fire; but the hose of the Citizen burst, and a stream could not reach that height. Here, as well as the frame building back of it, the destruction was rapid, the roof and cupola being soon enveloped in a sheet of flame, and as the creeping fire mounted to the top of the cupola, a thrilling grand sight was presented, yet appalling to many a heart who witnessed it.

Both on Second and Chestnut, in the alleys adjoining, and Mulberry street below, there was an extraordinary busy scene, in the efforts to save the property endangered, and most gallantly and nobly did the firemen and citizens generally, lend themselves to the task.—At one time it was feared the whole range of frame buildings in the rear of the church, between Chestnut and Mulberry, and between Second and Third, would share the fate of those in which the fire originated. It is impossible to estimate the amount of property destroyed and injured by removing it from the buildings endangered. Positive losses we have been able to glean with some precision.

The stable in which the fire originated was worth but very little, being just such an affair as would tempt an incendiary.

Mr. Samuel Myers, at the corner of the alley, had a shoe store, with a stock worth $2,000. Building and articles partly destroyed. He had an insurance of $400.

Mr. Ludwig Weltz, baker, lost some fifteen barrels of flour, meat, furniture, &c., altogether some $500. No insurance. The building belonged to the Bridge Company, having been sold some two weeks ago, by Mr. C. Ebberly. There was an insurance upon it of $1,000, nearly covering the loss.

Mr. John Jauss, house and furniture destroyed and broken. The loss is about $2000. Insured for $1000.

Mr. Fetter, a tenant of Mr. Jauss, lost everything in his house, valued at some $200.

Mrs. Fox, widow of Sheriff Fox, occupied a small house in the yard of Mr. Jauss. Her son and she reside together, and had already retired. They were rescued with some difficulty, although the house, being built of brick, withstood the devouring element.

Lucas Koenig, brewer, whose whole premises were in imminent peril, is indebted to the untiring efforts of the firemen for its safety. His loss is slight, some say $200, which is fully covered by insurance.

The Presbyterian Church, which was totally destroyed, was insured in the Pennsylvania and Franklin Insurance Co., at Philadelphia, for $7000. The library was saved, together with two melodeons, and nearly all the cushions and furniture.

The fire was the work of an incendiary, and certain suspicious circumstances occurred which will be zealously investigated. An attempt was made on last Friday morning to fire the same building, and it is to be hoped that the miscreant or miscreants may be traced to their fancied security, and that condign punishment be meted out to them which their dastardly act deserves.

IMPORTANT FROM WASHINGTON.

THE VOTE IN THE HOUSE TAKEN.

LECOMPTON FLOORED.

Crittenden's Amendment Adopted.

YEAS, 120; NAYS, 112.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, April 1, 1858.

The House is full, with the exception of Messrs Caruthers and Harris, who are both expected. The crowd in the Capitol is immense. Mr. Stephens takes the floor at 1 p. m.

Mr. Dewart has gone over fully to the Administration since his interview with the President. The members of the Cabinet were in the House most of last night, sitting up with and nursing doubtful cases.

An immense audience now crowds the galleries waiting the demonstration.

One o'clock p. m.—Mr. Harris, pale as a corpse, has just been brought in and placed in his seat.

Mr. Stephens moves to take up the Senate bill. Mr. Giddings objects. The Yeas and Nays are ordered on the question, 'Shall this bill be rejected.' Yeas, 95; Nays, 137.

Mr. Stephens yielded the floor to Mr. Montgomery, who moved to strike out all after the enacting clause, and substitute his own amendment.

Mr. Quitman proposes to amend Mr. Montgomery's amendment, by substituting the original Senate bill, striking out Mr. Pugh's amendment.

Humphrey Marshall proposes to amend.—Mr. Stephens declines to yield the floor, and demands the previous question. The yeas and nays ordered on Mr Quitman's motion.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, April 1—3 p. m.

Mr. Quitman's amendment was rejected by the decisive vote of 160 to 72.

A majority of the Lecomptonites voted to strike out the amendment of Mr. Pugh, which gave the people of Kansas the power to change their Constitution whenever they choose, showing that they did not believe that the Lecompton Constitution can be changed until after 1864!

The vote was then taken on Mr Montgomery's amendment, which is but slightly different from Mr. Crittenden's and it was passed, Yeas 120, Nays 112.

Dewart and Burns voted in the negative.—The vote is just declared, amid applause in the galleries. Keitt, in a towering passion, moves they be cleared, but is pursuaded to withdraw his motion.

The final vote on the passage of the bill as amended is: *Yeas, One hundred and twenty; Nays, One hundred and twelve.* A motion to re-consider was made, and laid on the table.—Hurra!

The vote on the passage of the bill as amended is the same as on adopting the Crittenden amendment—namely:

YEAS—*To Amend:*

CALIFORNIA—McKibbin—1.
CONNECTICUT—*Clark, Dean*, 2.
ILLINOIS—*Elihu Washburne, Farnsworth, Lovejoy, Kellogg*, Morris, Harris, Shaw, Robert Smith, Sam. S. Marshall—9
INDIANA—English, *Foley, Kilgore*, J. G. Davis, *Wilson, Colfax, Case, Pettit*—8.
IOWA—*Curtis, T. Davis*—2.
KENTUCKY—Underwood, H. Marshall—2.
MAINE—*Wood, Gilman, Abbott, Morse, I. Washburn, Foster*.—6.
MARYLAND—Ricaud, J. M. Harris, H. Winter Davis—3.
MASSACHUSETTS—*Hall, Buffinton, Damrell, Comins, Burlingame, Davis, Gooch, Knapp, Thayer, Chaffee, Dawes*—11.
MICHIGAN—*Howard, Waldron, Walbridge, Leach*—4.
MISSOURI—*Blair*—1.
NEW HAMPSHIRE—*Pike Tappan, Cragin*—3.
NEW JERSEY—*Clawson Robbins* Adrain—3.
NORTH CAROLINA—Gilmer—1.
NEW YORK—Haskins, H. F. Clark, *Murray, Thompson, Olin, Dodt, Palmer, Spinner, Clark B. Cochrane, Morse, Matteson, Bennett, G'dwin, Hoard, Granger, Morgan, Pottle, Parker, Kelsey, Andrews, Sherman, Burroughs, Fenton*—23.
OHIO—Pendleton, Groesbeck, *Campbell, Nichols, Mott*, Cockerill, *Harlan, Stanton*, Hall, *Horton*, Cox, *Sherman, Bliss, Tompkins*, Lawrence, *Leiter, Wade, Giddings, Bingham*—19.
PENNSYLVANIA—*E. J. Morris*, O. Jones, Hickman, *Roberts, Kunkle, Grow, Edie, Covode*, Montgomery, *Ritchie, Purviance, Stewart, Dick*—14.
RHODE ISLAND—*Durfee, Brayton*—2,
VERMONT—*Walton, Morrill, Royce*—3.
WISCONSIN—*Potter. C. C. Washburne, Billinghurst*—3.

NAYS.

ALABAMA—Stallworth, Shorter, Dowdell, Cobb Moore, Houston, Curry—7.
ARKANSAS.—Greenwood, Warren—2.
CALIFORNIA—Scott—1
CONNECTICUT—Arnold, Bishop—2.
DELAWARE—Whitley—1.
FLORIDA—Hawkins—1
GEORGIA—Seward, Crawford, TRIPPE, Gartrell, Wright, Jackson, HILL, Stephens—8.
INDIANA—Niblack, Hughes, Gregg—3.
KENTUCKY—Barnett, Peyton, Talbott, Jewett, Elliott, Clay, Mason, Stevenson—8.
LOUISIANA.—EUSTIS, Taylor, Davidson, Sandidge—4.
MARYLAND—Stewart Kunkle, Bowie—3.
MISSOURI—ANDERSON, Clark, Craig, WOODSON, Phelps—5.
MISSISSIPPI—Lamar, Davis, Barksdale, Singleton, Quitman—5.
NEW JERSEY—Huyler, Wortendyke—2.
NORTH CAROLINA—Shaw, Ruffin, Winslow, Branch, Scales, Craige, Clingman—7.
NEW YORK—Searing, Taylor, Sickles, Kelly, Maclay, J. Cochrane, Ward, Russell, Corning, Hatch—10.
OHIO—Miller, Burns—2.
PENNSYLVANIA—Florence, Landy, Phillips, Glancy Jones, Leidy, Dimmick, White, Ahl, Gillis, Reilly, Dewart—11.
SOUTH CAROLINA—McQueen, Miles, Keitt, Bonham, Boyce—5.
TENNESSEE—Watkins MAYNARD, S. A. Smith, Savage, READY Jones, Wright, ZOLLICOFFER, Atkins, Avery—10.
TEXAS—Bryan, Reagan—2.
VIRGINIA—Garnett, Millison, Caskie, Goode, Bocock, Powell, Smith, Faulkner, Letcher, Clemens, Jenkins, Edmundson, Hopkins,—13.

Absent—Caruthers (Mo.)

RECAPITULATION.

Yeas.		*Nays.*	
Republicans	92	Democrats	104
Democrats	22	Americans	8
Americans	6		
Total	120	Total	112

The House then adjourned.

Mr. Crittenden's amendment as passed was materially improved and modified since it was first offered in the Senate. Instead of saying that the Constitution with which Kansas is now admitted shall be submitted to the popular vote it refers to it merely as a Constitution framed at Lecompton. It prevents less than a majority of the Board of Commissioners from certifying the vote on the Constitution to the President, thus rendering Kickapoo frauds and the like fruitless. It rejects the land-grab ordinance, and punishes illegal voting or fraudulent returns with severe penalties. It declares that if Lecompton is rejected, and a new Constitution ratified by the people, Kansas shall be absolutely in the Union; thus preventing any fictious resistance to her admission next Winter, of any demands for compromises as conditions of admission.

The Americans of Washington are as rejoiced at the result as the Republicans and the Douglas Democrats in Congress. The Buchanan men mourn and threaten alternately.—Old Buck is very gloomy and indignant. The whippers-in insist that the House must and will recede; but the anti-Lecomptonites are firm, and all say that the man who yields shall be branded by the whole phalanx as disgraced.

Mr. Harris of Illinois came in from his sick room, determined to vote, if it cost him his life, as it may. He, with Messrs. Hickman and Chapman of Pennsylvania, voted to reject the Senate bill absolutely.

HON. WILSON REILLY.

By reference to the Congressional proceedings in another column, it will be seen that our Representative, Mr. Reilly, has given his adhesion to the Lecompton Constitution! After stimulating the highest hopes and the fondest expectations among his constituents as to his uncompromising opposition to this fraud and swindle, and afterwards strengthening those hopes and expectations by his several votes on Mr. Harris' Resolution—after all this he has "broke down," "caved in," and now bows submissively, to the iron rule of the Slave Drivers! O, consistency, thou art a jewel! The *Spirit* says:—"Our predictions, in respect to the course our talented representative in Congress would pursue on the Kansas question have been verified." Our neighbor knew better, probably, than most people, what *kind of influences* were brought to bear to produce such a change in the sentiment of "our talented representative," and would therefore judge whether they would be likely to prove sufficiently potent, to warrant such a "prediction." One thing is certain, every word, every sentiment, every declaration that he ever made to any person everywhere, when he spoke at all upon this subject, was in terms the most emphatic in condemnation of the Lecompton fraud. He declared himself as *conscientiously* opposed to it," and even with curses he denounced the swindle.

We append the following remarks from the pen of John W. Forney, which appeared in his paper, *The Press*, of Saturday last, because they are better than anything we can say with reference to this singularly strange and, to us, unaccountable desertion of Mr. Reilly on this important question:

"The shameful defection on the Kansas issue of the Representative from the 17th district of Pennsylvania, though not entirely unexpected, must call forth the hearty condemnation of his constituents. Mr. Reilly knows very well that the sentiments of the speech which he pronounced on Wednesday night in favor of the Lecompton swindle, must shock rudely the Democratic sentiment of the counties which he professes to represent. His first votes, which were consistenely in favor of the right, elicited a response or admiration throughout his district, and contributed to cement between the Representative and his constituents a strong bond of sympathy and friendship.

"Had he remained steadfast to the cause of justice, had he continued faithful to the manly position he voluntarily assumed upon the question of Col. Harris's resolution, there would have been no public servant more gratefully remembered or more highly honored by the honest-hearted masses of his district. By his present political somerset Mr. Reilly seals inevitably his Congressional career—a fate to which he himself is not blind or insensible, for in his public self stultification, and recantation of the pledges he once so freely made, he has the effrontery to tell his constituents, if they do not like him, they can get somebody better to fill his place.

"This we regard as a piece of gratuitous insult, for after making what is equivalent to a candid admission that he is openly and boldly betraying his trust, the only course for him to pursue, consistently with personal honor, would be to resign his seat at once, and allow his constituents an opportunity of having their voice fairly expressed upon the commanding issue of the day. In holding on to his place, therefore, he forfeits all self-respect and sacrifices, at the same time, the regard of all in his own district whose good opinion is worth having.

"Such a sacrifice ought to have some satisfactory counterbalancing advantages to break the fall of the victim. What these may be, we presume time will show. The account with those whom he is anxious to serve may be easily, and perhaps, to Mr. Reilly, satisfactorily settled, but the account with his conscience and his constituents, which must be met, will take more time and be far more difficult to arrange."

O, what a fall!—from a *conscientious* opponent down to the support of all the infamies, frauds, murders, arsons, and outrages that have been perpetrated in Kansas, culminating in the Lecompton Constitution! Mr. REILLY *now* maintains that that instrument is 'legal,' and that if Kansas is admitted under it, she can alter or amend it at pleasure. We should like to know *what kind of arguments* were used to effect such a change in his mind as to its 'legality.' Every thing that has been developed relative to it, for months past, has been an accumulation of the most clear, indubitable evidence, successfully controverting this very point. To his constituents it will seem strange that this overwhelming testimony as to its being a swindle and a fraud, should have just the opposite effect upon his mind. As to the power of the people to alter, amend, or reject it afterwards—that is but a tub thrown out to amuse the whale—and if you please, to appease his outraged conscience—for all know that, if adopted, it cannot be altered before 1864, unless by revolution, and this Mr. REILLY knows very well.

FORNEY truly says that 'such a sacrifice ought to have some satisfactory counterbalancing advantages to break the fall of the victim,' and these 'counterbalancing advantages,' we have no doubt, have been, 'satisfactorily settled,'—while conscience has been thrown to the dogs.—*Repository and Transcript.*

From the Washington States, (Dem.)

EVIDENCE AGAINST LECOMPTON, BY A LECOMPTON DELEGATE.

In the *Vicksburg* (Miss.) *Whig* we find a portion of a letter dated February 24, 1858, from a Mississippian in Kansas to a resident of Vicksburg. The writer has taken a prominent part in the politics of the Territory, was a member of the Lecompton Convention, and is as "well posted as any man in Kansas." His evidence is peculiarly pointed and forcible, and covers every disgrace which has been practiced in the Territory. This extract from the member of the Lecompton Convention is a complete key to the whole system of fraud under which Kansas has suffered:

"My reason for leaving is, I think, a good one. I cannot stay any longer. I have been, as every one must be, identified with politics. I, unfortunately for my future prospects in Kansas, have taken an active and rather prominent part. And now, to confess the truth and shame the devil, we, the Pro-Slavery men, cannot expect any mercy or favors from the d—d Abolitionists; for although we have been in a minority ever since I came to Kansas, we have denied this, to prevent discouraging emigration from the South, and have bullied and swindled them in our elections, until even I admit they have a right to feel outraged. To-day they outnumber us at least four or five to one,—The disproportion is too great for us to fight any longer, the more so from the fact that the ensuing spring's emigration will swell their majority to probably eight or ten to one; for our men are leaving daily, and theirs are pouring in."

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Honorable FRANCIS M. KIMMELL, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the counties composing the 16th Judicial District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of capital and other offenders in the said District—and A. J. SHIVELY and JOHN G. HARTLEY, Esquires, Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Justices of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the county of Bedford—have issued their precept and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer at Bedford, on MONDAY the 3d day of May next. NOTICE is hereby given to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said county of Bedford, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, and inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of Bedford county, to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

WILLIAM S. FLUCK, Sheriff.

April 9, 1858.

LIST OF CAUSES

PUT down for Trial at May Term, (3d day,) 1858.

Elizabeth Kelly vs. William Walsh
John Shreeve vs. Joseph Bixon
John Cook vs. School Directors
John Koontz use vs. Michael Reed
Samuel Amick vs. Joseph S. Reed et al
E. Geit and wife's use vs. David Patterson
——Lowry and wife's use vs. Same
Samuel Moses exor's et al vs. John Alsip
Peter J. Little vs. Jacob Stuck
John May vs. George Troutman et al
Jacob Feamer's use vs. John Alsip
H. & B. R. P. & T. Road Co. vs. Pat. Leddy
Benjamin Mahoney vs. Solomon Sponsler
James Patton vs. Dr. William Burch
D. D Keagy's use vs. P. Morningstar et al
Philip Hardman et al vs. Elias Hite
Wm. C. Logan Esq. vs. D. H. Hofius Esq.
Wm. Border's use vs. John Taylor et al
Abr'm Reighart vs. Thomas Imler et al
Powell W. Dishong vs. David Walter et al
Charles Stuckey vs. Henry Moses et al
Dr. Wm. Blair vs. Archibald Blair
John Wemmer vs. Anthony Clingerman

SAMUEL H. TATE, *Proth'y.*

Proth'ys Office, April 9, 1858.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

ALL persons interested, will take notice, that the following accountants have filed their accounts in the Register's office of Bedford County, and that the same will be presented to the Orphan's Court for confirmation, on Friday, the 7th day of May, next, at the Court House in Bedford.

The Account of Adam Kettering, Adm'r of the estate of John Teeter, late of Monroe Township dec'd.

The Account of Wm. M. Hall, Esq., Adm'r of the estate of Amos Raley, late of Londonderry Township, dec'd.

The supplemental Account of John Cessna, Esq. Adm'r of the estate of Abraham Sparks, late of West Providence Township, dec'd.

The Account of Thomas Blackburn, Guardian of Elizabeth Miller, formerly Elizebeth Griffith of St. Clair Township

The Account of John Blair, Esq., Adm'r of the estate of John Blair, late of Cumberland Valley Township, dec'd.

The Account of Job Mann, surviving Adm'r with the will annexed of S. M. Barclay, Esq, late of the Borough of Bedford, dec'd.

SAMUEL H. TATE, *Register.*

Register's Office, April 9, 1858.

NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS OF POOR HOUSE CHECKS.

The Directors of the Poor of Bedford County, hereby give notice to the holders and owners of Poor House checks that it will be to their interest to present them to the Treasurer, George W. Blymire, at Bedford. The object in having them presented, is to ascertain the amount of indebtedness, so that the Directors may be enabled to fix the taxes and make other arrangements to discharge the same. Those living at a distance can send in the amount.

The Tax Collectors are also notified that the balances due on their duplicates must be paid or the necessary means will be resorted to to compel payment.

GEORGE D. SHUCK,
GEORGE ELDER,
GEORGE SMOUSE,
Directors.

April 9, 1858.—d.

NOTICE.

The Account of Sam'l H. Tate, Assignee of Sansom & Gephart, has been filed at the office of the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County, and the same will be presented to said Court for confirmation, on Friday, the 7th day of May, next.

Also the Account of John Fickes, committee of the person and estate of Peter Colebaugh, a Lunatic of Union Township, at the same time and place.

SAMUEL H. TATE, *Proth'y.*

Prothonotary's Office, April 9, 1858.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fa. to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House in the Borough of Bedford, on Monday, the 3d day of May, 1858, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, to wit:

One tract of land, containing 170 acres, more or less, about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log house, with kitchen attached, and log barn thereon erected; also an apple orchard thereon. Adjoining lands of James Clark on the southeast, and the Juniata river on the north and west. Situate in Liberty township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Jacob Snyder.

Also one tract of land, containing 100 acres more or less, about 50 acres cleared and under fence, with a log house and log barn thereon erected, also some fruit trees thereon; adjoining lands of Wm. Fletcher, Wm. Robison, Charles Linn and others. Situate in Southampton township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Geo. Blankley.

Also, one tract of land, containing 50 acres, more or less, about 40 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log dwelling house, tenant house, and log stable thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon; adjoining lands of Daniel L. Deflbaugh, Lawrence Jamison and others. Situate in Snakespring township, Bedford County.—

Also, all Emanuel Easter's right, title, interest and claim in and to one tract of land containing 35 acres, more or less, about 12 acres cleared and under fence, with 2 log dwelling houses, frame stable, and a three story frame grist mill thereon erected, adjoining lands of Samuel Beckley, Jacob Miller and others Situate in St. Clair township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Emanuel Easter, deft.

Also the undivided ½ part of a certain tract of land, containing 173 acres, more or less, of which about 20 acres are cleared and under fence, being the same tract conveyed to deft, Hezekiah Easton, and others, by A. W. Evans and wife, by deed in the Recorder's office, in deed book A. B., page 154; adjoining lands of A. W. Evans, John McCanles, Keasler & Co., and others—

Also, the undivided ½ part of a tract of land containing 205½ acres, more or less, of which about 100 acres are cleared and under fence, with 2 apple orchards, and having thereon erected 2 dwelling houses and 2 barns, it being the same land conveyed to deft and others by Septemus Foster and wife, by deed dated March 16, 1857 adjoining lands of Richard Foster, John Lair, Jas. Figart's heirs and others—

Also, the undivided 5-16 part of a tract of land containing 130 acres and 39 perches, more or less, of which about 30 acres are cleared and under fence, being the same land conveyed to deft and others by Ephraim Foster, administrator of Richard Foster, by deed dated June 14, 1855, adjoining lands of Asa Duvall, John Lair and others—

Also, all deft's interest in and to a tract of land unimproved, containing 388 acres more or less, bounded on the east by lands of James Patton and Ab. Bollman, on the west by the Juniata river and Daniel Young, surveyed on a warrant to deft and James Patton, dated Feb. 16, 1854; all situate in Broadtop township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Hezekiah Easton.

Also, all defendants' Rudolph Hoover and Jacob Teeter's interest in and to a certain story and a half frame weatherboard house, being 50 ft. in front and 25 ft. back, and the lot and piece of ground and curtilage appertaining thereto; a joining lands of Jackson Galbraith on the northeast corner, and lands of Rudolph Hoover on all other sides. Situate in Middle Woodberry township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Rudolph Hoover and Jacob Teeter, defendants.

Also, all deft Daniel Metzgar's right, title interest and claim in and to a tract of land containing about 112 acres more or less, about 30 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log house and log barn thereon erected, adjoining lands of John Metzgar, Wm. Showman and wife, and others.—Situate in Harrison township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Daniel Metzgar.

Also, one lot of ground, in the town of Hopewell, fronting 30 feet on Mifflin street and extending back 150 feet, with a two story plank house and smoke house thereon erected, adjoining lot of Barndollar, Lowry & Co., on the north, and lot of Henry K. Strong on the southeast—

Also, one lot of ground, in the town of Hopewell, fronting about 150 feet on Wood street, and about 120 on Broad street, extending back to mill race, and lying three square, with three two story rough cast dwelling houses, blacksmith shop shoemaker shop and tinner shop thereon erected—

Also, all defendant's right, title and interest in 80 acres of unimproved coal land, warranted in the name of John L. Grove, adjoining lands of John Cessna, Esq.; the Hopewell Coal and Iron Company and others—

Also, one tract of unimproved bottom land, known as the Adam Young tract, containing 25 acres, more or less, adjoining Juniata river on the north, and lands of John King's heirs on the east and west—

Also, all defendant's Thomas W. Horton's right, title, interest and claim, in and to one tract of land, called Buck Bottom, containing 60 acres, more or less, about 4 acres cleared and under fence, with a story and a half plank house thereon erected, adjoining lands of William Forrester on the west, and the Juniata river on the north, east and south—

Also, all the defendant's interest in and to three tracts of unimproved coal lands, warranted in the name of Thomas W. Horton and Jesse Grove, containing in all about 150 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of William Montgomery, now John Cessna, Esq., on the north and west, and lands of John Ford and others on the south, and lands of William Evans on the east, and all the above described lands situate in Broadtop township, Bedford County, except Buck Bottom, which is situate in Hopewell township Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Thomas W. Horton, and to be sold for cash.

WM. S. FLUKE,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, April 9, 1858.

BEDFORD ACADEMY.

The Summer session of this Institution will commence on Wednesday, April 21st.

The efficient County Superintendent of the Public Schools, Rev. H. Heckerman, will assist in the instruction of youth during the coming quarter. Persons, therefore, wishing to pursue a course of study with the view of preparing themselves to teach in our Common Schools, will enjoy rare advantages in connection with this Institution.

GEORGE W. AUGHINBAUGH,
Principal.

April 9, 1858.

Just Received at the New Firm,

REED & MINNICH'S.

An elegant assortment of Spring Goods, of the best quality, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Jeans, and Cottonades, 40 pieces of the latest style Calicoes and Ginghams. Also, Muslins, bleached and unbleached, of every grade, all of which will be sold at the lowest figure for cash.

April 9, 1858.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Middle Woodberry Township, on the estate of J. H. Keagy, late of said Township dec'd all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

D. L. KEAGY,
Administrator.

April 9, 1858.—f.*

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the name of Mowry & Co., in the Dry Goods business, has been dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by the undersigned.

HENRY MOWRY,
L. A. TURNER.

Buena Vista, April 9, 1858.—c.*

CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

The Americans and Republicans have carried their candidate for Governor by a large majority; also both branches of the Legislature by large majorities. So much for Lecompton!

CINCINNATI, April 6.--The municipal election held yesterday resulted in the success of the Anti-Lecompton ticket by about 3900 majority. Of the seventeen members of Council, thirteen Republicans were elected.

DUBUQUE, April 6.--The election, yesterday, passed off quietly. A. S. Hethering on, the People's candidate, was elected Mayor by 500 majority.

ST. LOUIS, April 6.---The returns of the election have not all been made, but enough is known to insure the election of the entire Free State Democratic ticket, by an average majority of from eight to twelve hundred votes.---Lecompton is no go.

Dr. Livingston, the celebrated African traveller, in recounting his difficulties with wet, soaking rains and crossing streams, says: The armpit was the only safe spot for carrying the watch, for there it was preserved from rains above, and water below.

'IN PEACE PREPARE FOR WAR.'—In the days of our youth, it behooves us to make some preparation for the approach of age. How many persons have become prematurely bald by neglecting to apply appropriate remedies to prevent the hair from falling off! The use of Prof. Wood's 'celebrated Hair Restorative' will prevent the hair from falling off, impart to it a healthy growth, and even restore the hair of the bald. Thousands have testified to its efficacy. To be had of Druggists everywhere. For sale by Dr. Harry—b.

A very severe case of Sore Eyes, of 9 years' standing, was cured by the use of DU VALIS' GALVANIC OIL. It is one of the most soothing and pain quieting agents that can be had. In Erysipelas of the face, it will often remove the pain in 10 minutes.

For sale by B. F. Harry, and F. C. Reamer Bedford. William Lysinger J. B. Farquhar, and all country merchants.

THE MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA, April 6 1858.

Breadstuffs are very quiet. The only transactions reported are 300 barrels superfine flour $4 37½ per barrel, and 100 barrels middlings at $3 25. There is a steady inquiry for home consumption at $4 37½ up to $5 50, for common and fancy brands, according to quality.—200 bbls. Rye Four sold at $3 25, and some Corn Meal at $3 per barrel, at which figure the latter is wanted.

Grain The supply of Wheat continues fully up to the demand. Sales of 1500 bushels at $1 06 a 1 12 per bushel for red and white at $1 30 a 1 35. Rye sells as fast as it comes forward at 90 cents. Corn continues to come forward slowly, sales of 8000 bushels yellow afloat last evening at 68 cents: 2000 bushels to day at a note to be fixed, 2000 bushels white at 67 cts, 2500 bushels yellow in the cars and in store to day at 67 a 70 cts, closing at the latter note. Oats old at 38 cents and some Pennsylvania at 40 cents per bushel.

BALTIMORE, April. 6 1858.

Flour is dull. Howard street and Ohio are held at $4 50, and City Mills at $4 26. Wheat ---the market for prime is active, but common grades are dull, red 100 a 105c, white 110 a 133c. Corn firm---sales of white at 63a64c, and yellow at 65a67c. Whiskey dull and unchanged,

MARRIED.

At the Parsonage, in St. Clairsville, on the 25th ult., by Rev. N. E. Gilds, Mr. John W. Fickes to Miss Marietta Croyle, both of Union township.

On Thursday, the 25th ult., by W. Perdew, Esq., Mr. Henry Clay Lashley to Miss Sobitha Dicken, all of Southampton tp.

On the evening of the 25th ult., by Abrm. H. Hull, Esq., Mr, Josiah Mock to Miss Mary Ann Stembough, both of Union tp.

On Thursday evening, the 25th ult., by David Evans, Esq., Mr. Adam Smith to Miss Maria Smith, all of Londonderry tp.

DIED.

On the 31 inst., Mrs. Susan Welch, of this place, in the 23d year of her age

The deceased was a worthy member of the German Reformed Church. She bore her protracted illness with a perfect resignation to the will of God, and died in the triumphs of faith.

In Black Valley, Bedford Co., on the 15th ult,, James, son of John and Rebecca Sparks, aged 4 years, 9 months and 16 days.

Also, on the 24th ult., Matthew, son of the same, aged 11 years, 11 months and 13 days.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary having been granted by the Register of Bedford County to the undersigned upon the estate of Christian Winebrenner, late of Middle Woodberry Township, dec'd, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said deceased are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or accounts against said estate, will please present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB KIFER,
DAVID BOYER,
Exors,
Residing in M. Woodberry Tp.

April 2, 1858.

R. D. BARCLAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BEDFORD, PA.,

WILL attend promptly and faithfully to all legal business entrusted to his care.

☞Office on Juliana Street, in the building formerly occupied by S. M. Barclay, Esq., dec'd.

March 26, 1858.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing and trading under the firm name of Blymire & Hartley, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The Books, notes and accounts are in the hands of Wm. Hartley, who is hereby authorized to settle the same. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm of Blymire & Hartley, will save costs by paying up, before the Books and notes are placed in the hand of a collector.

March 26, 1858.

TREASURER'S SALE
OF
UNSEATED LANDS,
AND TOWN LOTS IN BEDFORD COUNTY.

Agreeably to the provisions of an Act of the Assembly, directing the mode of selling unseated lands for taxes and for other purposes passed the 18th of March, 1815, and the supplements thereto passed the 18th day of March, 1817, and the 25th of March, 1831. The Treasurer of Bedford County hereby gives notice to all persons concerned therein, that unless the County, State, School and Road Taxes due on the following tracts of Unseated Lands, situate in Bedford County, are not paid before the day of sale, the whole, or such parts of each tract as will pay the taxes, and the cost chargeable thereon, will be sold at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on the second Monday of June, next, (14th day) for the arrearages of taxes due, and the cost accrued thereon; and said sale will be continued from day to day until all are disposed of.

SAMUEL DAVIS, *Treasurer.*

Acres.	Pe.	Warrantees or Owners.	Taxes.
		Bedford Township.	
300		Margaret Diehl.	$ 88
404		James Tubman.	6 80
95		Thos. J. Bonnett.	1 72
		Broadtop Township.	
150		James Entriken	13 20
8		James Entriken,	96
51		Wm. T. Daugherty,	15 92
399		John Belts,	5 40
68		Jacob Myers,	3 60
403		John Bollman,	15 00
402	140	Wm. Bunn	14 40
205	50	Wm. Lane,	5 74
30		Lewis T. Watson,	60
200		John Devereaux,	6 00
427		Mary Montgomery,	7 88
205		Newlan & Marshall,	5 00
421		John Montgomery,	8 92
339		Stephans & Co, in right of Shroaves,	10 16
30		Rathnell Wilson,	1 10
3		Aaron Evans,	12
265		Jos. Figard,	1 58
69		Wm. Figard,	2 34
39		Rathnell Wilson,	48
28		do do	36
100		do do	1 80
30		John King,	3 56
		Colerain Township.	
		Sam'l Williams,	2 24
600		Jos. & Eman. Diehl,	84
90		Wm. Smith,	73
45		*Cumberland Valley Township.*	
307½		John Sample,	5 96
		Hopewell Township.	
200		John Corby,	1 20
150		James Howard,	88
404		Richard Moan,	48
420		John Cheney,	5[illegible]
404		Joseph Moan,	48
409½		Sam'l Moan,	48
424	35	Alex. Moan,	24
206½		John McIlney,	52
192		Timothy Moan,	24
200	54	Israel Moan,	28
196	50	Zach. Moan,	24
222		Elizabeth Piper,	24
212	20	John Boyd,	24
214	65	Wm. Davis,	24
216	60½	Isabela Davis,	24
220½		Wm. Piper,	28
238		John Hardin,	28
221		Ignatius Hardin.	28
434	125	James Wilson,	52
187	40	David Piper,	24
425		George F. Alberti,	1 20
402	57	Stephen Moan,	48
342		Dan'l Kerr,	9 60
60		Sam'l Livingston's heirs,	72
28		Geo. Wishart,	40
		Harrison Township.	
163		Nicholas Knight,	24
		Liberty Township.	
60		Abel Putt,	70
473	84	Hannah Alberti,	8 25
448		Mariah Alberti,	10 65
100		Geo. B. Kay,	1 48
		Londonderry Township.	
458		Joseph Gardner,	1 36
150		John Sadler,	1 80
		Napier Tp.	
200		Abner Rodgers,	60
		East Providence Tp.	
200½		Thos. Logan,	88
403		Charles Evans,	1 20
402	46	Keziah Logan,	1 20
462	62	Charles Logan,	1 20
400	75	John Cavan,	1 20
400		Thomas Cavan.	1 20
338	38	Thos. Logan,	1 20
406	106	Alex. Cavan,	1 20
400		Ezekiel Cook,	1 20
30		Solomon Williams,	40
100		Jacob Ritchey,	36
17		Francis Gibbs,	16
406		Isaac Cavin,	1 20
		West Providence Tp.	
6		Wm. Paxton,	32
188		Dudley Daugherty,	2 82
		St. Clair Tp.	
4 Lots		Jacob Inks heirs,	48
204		David McRobert,	1 20
477		James Ross,	1 20
411		Wm. Snively,	1 20
62		Henry Koontz,	50
		Southampton Tp.	
200		James Riggs,	60
439		Paul Ward,	1 32
357		Patrick Ward,	1 08
351		Joseph Ward,	1 04
353		Jonathan Ward,	1 04
136		Isaac Hunter,	2 08
488		P. Clingerman,	1 20
		Union Tp.	
400		John Swaggart,	7 90
400		Leonard Swaggart,	10 64
266		Alex. Gardner,	3 90
116		Dr. Wm. Smith,	1 78
43		Sam'l Burket,	52
116		John Shee,	88
100		James Johnston,	2 58
50		Frederick Snider,	60
440		Jeremiah Jackson,	5 56
411½		Jacob Swaggart,	4 36
449		Wm. Pierson,	10 36
440		Ebenezer Branham,	11 68
120		Conrad Imler,	1 80
200		Christley Bowser,	9 72
100		George Laib,	1 34
100		Jacob Burket,	2 07
150		Peter Shoenberger,	1 84
43		Samuel Burket,	1 40
433		Hugh Porter,	4 02
439		Griffith Evans,	10 00
403½		Philip Stine,	9 76
439		John Martin,	11 64
438		John Taylor,	10 32
439		Wilson Hunt,	10 32
438½		Alex. Scott,	10 22
127		Dr. P. Shoenberger,	2 96
124		do do	4 48
40		do do	48
		Middle Woodberry Tp.	
379		Daniel Montgomery,	19 04
401½		Wm. Montgomery,	31 14
172		——— Melina,	14 38
117		Daniel Montgomery,	10 96
180		Daniel Montgomery,	4 40
1 Lot		Jacob Strock, No. 72	42
1 Lot		Jacob Strock, No. 74	1 06
		South Woodberry Tp.	
200	16½	Isabella Davis,	24
55	100	John S. Hetrick,	28
222		Elizabeth Piper,	24

April 9, 1858.

WHITE TEETH and a perfumed breath can be acquired by using the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers." To be had at

DR. HARRYS.

March 6. 1857.

A LIST OF RETAILERS

Of Foreign and Domestic Goods, Wares and Merchandize, of Bedford County, for the year 1858.

Bedford Borough.

	Class.	Tax.
H. D. Peugh,	14	7 00
A. B. Cramer & Co.	12	12 00
Nicholas Lyons,	14	7 00
G. W. Rupp,	13	10 00
Jacob Reed,	13	10 00
Samuel Brown,	14	7 00
Samuel Shuck & Co.	14	7 00
Robert Fyan,	14	7 00
J. & J. M. Shoemaker,	14	7 00
Sarah E. Potts,	14	7 00
Isaac Lippel,	14	7 00
Colin Loyer.	14	7 00
Agnes Sapp,	14	7 00
John Arnold, [hardware]	14	7 00
Wm. Hartley, do	14	7 00
George Blymire, do	14	7 00
Dr. B. F. Harry,	14	7 00
Dr. F. C. Reamer,	14	7 00
Adam Ferguson,	14	7 00
A. L. Deffibaugh, [eating house]	8	5 00
Jacob Bollinger, do	8	5 00
Bedford Township.		
Jacob Barnhart,	14	7 00
John S. Ritchey, [distillery]	4	50 00
Broadtop Township.		
Barndollar & Everhart,	12	12 00
Flick & Eichelberger,	13	20 00
Colerain Township.		
N. E. Evans,	14	7 00
A. E. James,	14	7 00
J. & J. M. Shoemaker,	14	7 00
Cumberland Valley Township.		
Jacob Anderson,	14	7 00
Thomas Fisher,	14	7 00
Daniel R. Anderson,	14	7 00
Thomas Growden.	14	7 00
East Providence Township.		
John Nycum,	14	7 00
D. A. T. Black,	14	7 00
Louderbaugh & Pee,	14	6 00
Hopewell Township.		
John Dasher,	14	7 00
Henry S. King,	14	7 00
Harrison Township.		
Valentine B. Wertz,	14	7 00
John W. Smith,	14	7 00
Andrew J Snively,	14	7 00
Juniata Township.		
Wm. Kevser,	14	7 00
Hillegas & Mowry,	14	7 00
Lewis N. Fyan,	14	7 00
Liberty Township		
David S. Berkstresser,	14	7 00
Lewis Putt,	14	7 00
John Cypher.	14	7 00
Steel & Entriken,	14	7 00
Jacob Fockler,	14	7 00
John Hefner, [eating house]	8	5 00
Londonderry Township.		
Jacob Devore, Jr.	14	7 00
Burns & Thorp,	14	7 00
Thomas J. Porter,	14	7 00
Monroe Township.		
Daniel Fletcher,	14	7 00
James R. O'Neal,	14	7 00
Napier Township.		
John Wade,	14	7 00
Peter Hillegas, [distillery]	4	50 00
West Providence Township.		
Murray & Brother,	14	7 00
Jacob Barndollar & Co.	14	7 00
James M. Barndollar,	13	10 00
Thomas Ritchey,	14	7 00
Fisher & Barnett,	14	7 00
Nicholas Koontz,	14	7 00
Schellsburg Borough.		
B. F. Horn & Brother,	14	7 00
A. B. Bunn,	14	7 00
E. Statler & Son,	14	7 00
Colvin & Robinson,	14	7 00
John S. Schell,	14	7 00
St. Clair Township.		
F. D. Beegle,	14	7 00
G. B. Amick & Brother,	14	7 00
George Hinesling,	14	7 00
G. D. Trout,	14	7 00
Simon Hershman,	14	7 00
Thomas B. Smith,	14	7 00
John H. Schell,	14	7 00
Southampton Township.		
John Cavender,	14	7 00
Wm. Lashley,	14	7 00
Kirk & Fletcher,	14	7 00
Rice & Miller,	14	7 00
Union Township.		
John M. Walters,	14	7 00
Middle Woodberry Township.		
Jacob Brenneman,	13	10 00
C. W. Ritketson,	14	7 00
Simon Beard,	14	7 00
Michael Pote,	14	7 00
John Wisegarver, [eating house]	8	5 00
South Woodberry Township.		
Piper & Scott,	14	7 00
S. R. Oster,	14	7 00
George Kauffman,	14	7 00
D. F. Buck,	14	7 00
D. Beegle,	14	7 00

Notice is hereby given, that an Appeal will be held at the Commissioners Office, in Bedford, on Saturday, the 8th of May, A. D., 1858.

LEVI AGNEW, Appraiser
of Mercantile Tax for the year 1858.

April 2, 1858.

BLOODY RUN FOUNDRY
AND
MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscribers are now prepared, at their Foundry in Bloody Run, to fill all orders for castings of any description for Grist and Saw Mills, Threshing Machines, Apple Mills, Ploughs, and all things else in their line that may be needed in this or the adjoining counties.

We manufacture Threshing Machines of 2 4 or 6 Horse power, *warranted* equal if not superior to any made in the State. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Woodcock, Plug, and Hillside Ploughs, *warranted* to give satisfaction or *no sale*. Points, shares and landsides, to fit all Woodcock or Seyler Ploughs in the County.

Farmer's Bells, Ploughs and Castings of our make may be had at Foundry prices at the store of Wm Hartley, Bedford, Pa., Louderbaugh & Pee, East Providence Tp., John Nycum & Son, Rays Hill. Times being hard, we offer great inducements to Farmers and Mechanics to buy of us.

All kinds of repairing done in a neat and substantial manner, and all work warranted. Call and examine our work and castings and judge for yourselves.

JOSIAH BAUGHMAN & BRO.

March 26, 1858.–tf.

NOTICE.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Mrs. Sophia Mower, late of Colerain Township, dec'd, having been this day granted to the subscriber, residing in said Township, all persons indebted to said estate are therefore notified to make payment to the subscriber immediately, and those having claims against said estate will present them forthwith properly authenticated for settlement.

EMANUEL J. DIEHL, *Adm'r.*

March, 26, 1858.–6t.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, appointed Auditor to distribute the balance in the hands of Richard Ramsy, one of the Adm'rs of Thomas Ramsy, dec'd, will attend to the duties of the appointment, at his office, on Monday, the 19th of April, at which time all parties interested can attend if they wish.

R. D. BARCLAY,
Auditor.

March 26, 1858.

Yellow Creek and Pattonsville Turnpike and Plank Road Co.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Commissioners of the Yellow Creek and Pattonsville Turnpike and Plank Road Co., will meet at Hopewell on Tuesday, the 13th of April, at 10 o'clock, for the purpose of receiving stock to build said road, and will continue from day to day, until a sufficient amount of stock shall be subscribed to make said road.

THOMAS KING,
HENRY K. STRONG,
JOHN C. EVERHART,
G. DOCK,
THOS. W. HORTON,
JOHN F. LOWRY,
Commissioners.

Hopewell, March 19, 1858.

OFFICE C. V. M. PRO. CO.,
March 2, 1858.

NOTICE, is hereby given that an assessment of *six per cent*, has this day been levied on the premium notes of this company; in force on the 14th day of Oct., last, except notes on original applications taken after the 15th day of Aug., 1857, and all notes expiring or surrendered not renewed between said dates, on each of which, three per cent, is assessed. Members of this Company residing in Bedford County, or having property insured therein, are respectfully required to pay their *pro rata* assessments, to James M. Russell, Esq., who is duly appointed collector, for said county.

☞An abatement of six per cent, will be made, for prompt payment, i. e. within thirty-days from the date hereof.

By order of the Board.

March 10, 1858. JOHN T. GREENE.
Sec'y.

Executor's Notice.

LETTERS testamentary having been granted to the subscribers, living in St. Clair Township, on the Estate of Benjamin Bowen, late of said Township, dec'd, all persons indebted to said Estate are hereby notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

THOMAS BLACKBURN,
ALEX. McGREGOR, Sr.,
Executors.

March 12, 1858.–f.

CAUTION.

I HEREBY Caution all persons from taking an assignment or Note, given by the subscriber some time in June last, to William Decker of Blair County, as I have received no value for the same, and will not pay it unless compelled by law.

DAVID HECK.

St. Clair Tp., March 12, 1858.

CHEAP SHOES.

About fifty pair of children's and women's shoes —a little out of style—will be sold very cheap by Feb. 19, 1858. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

PLASTER.

In quantities to suit purchasers, for sale by

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Feb. 19, 1858.

CONFECTIONS! OYSTERS, &c.

THE subscriber has just received a large lot of fresh *Confections* and *Notions*, which he will sell wholesale and retail, lower than anybody else.

Oysters, constantly on hand, the best and freshest the Baltimore market will afford. Parties supplied on the shortest notice.

His establishment is nearly opposite Dr Harry's Drug and Book store.

J. SHANNONMUL.INL

Feb. 12, 1858.–c

SHRYOCK & SMITH,
CHAMBERSBURG, PA.,

BOOKSELLERS and STATIONERS, and Dealers in Music and Musical Instruments. Our stock consists of Books, Stationery, Music, Musical Instruments, Wall papers, Blinds, French, German and American Lithographs and steel engravings, gilt mouldings for frames, etc., etc., wholesale and retail. Dr. B. F. Harry is our agent for Bedford, and all orders given him will be promptly attended to.

March 7, 1857.

"WOODLAND CREAM"—*A Pomade for beautifying the Hair.*—highly perfumed, superior to any French article imported, and for half the price. For dressing Ladies' Hair it has no equal, giving it a bright glossy appearance—It causes Gentlemen's Hair to curl in the most natural manner. It removes dandruff, always giving the Hair the appearance of being fresh shampooed. Price only fifty cents. None genuine unless signed

FETRIDGE & CO., Proprietors of the
"Balm of a Thousand Flowers."

For sale by all Druggists. f27eowz.

JOHN H. ALLEN & CO.

NOS. 2 & 4 CHESTNUT Street, (south side, below Water,) PHILADELPHIA,
(THE OLDEST WOOD-WARE HOUSE IN THE CITY.)

MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale dealers in Patent Medicine, made *BROOMS*, Patent Grooved *CEDAR-WARE*, *Warranted not to shrink*, *WOOD and WILLOW-WARE*, *CORDS*, *BRUSHES*, &c., of all descriptions. Please call and examine our stock.

Feb. 27, 1857.–zz.

WALL and BLIND PAPER.—Dr. B. F. Harry is our agent for this necessary article. By calling at his store, our patrons will see samples of our papers. We have made our spring selections with much care, and think we cannot fail to please.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,
Chambersburg.

Gettys' Photographic Gallery,
'EXCHANGE BUILDING,' BEDFORD, PA.

WHERE Ambrotypes, Daguerreotypes, &c &c., are executed in the latest style and improvements of the Art. A full assortment of plain and fancy cases, gold and plated Lockets at very low prices.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his specimens.

T. R. GETTYS, Ja.

May 22,1857.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers being anxious to settle up their Books, all those having accounts with them, will please call immediately and settle them and all those having notes due, will lift them till the first of March; if not they will be left in the hands of an officer for collection, as no longer indulgence will be given. WM. STATES & CO.

February 12, 1858.

LAST NOTICE!

THE subscribers now have their books posted for settlement, and call upon *all persons* doing business with them, to come forward and settle up their accounts immediately. They hope this notice will not be passed unheeded, as this is the first time for years of business, that a similar call has been made. One of the firm being now engaged in other business, the business of the firm imperatively demands settlement. Rides of all kinds will be taken in payment for balances due.

TAYLOR & MOWRY.

Jan. 1, 1858.–tf.

LUMBER.

We have for sale seventeen thousand feet of spruce and pine boards—also a large supply of poplar scantling.

Feb 19, 1858. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

WAGONS.

THREE new two horse wagons on hand, work warranted—will be sold on a liberal credit—or exchanged for produce.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Feb. 19, 1858.

Bazin's and Lubin's Extracts for the Handkerchief, Cologne Water, &c., at Dr. Harry's.

DR. SANFORD'S
INVIGORATOR,
OR LIVER REMEDY

THIS IS ONE OF THE GREATEST SCIENtific medical discoveries ever made, and is daily working cures almost too great to believe. It cures as if *by magic*, *even the first dose giving benefit* and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of *Liver* Complaint, from the worst Jaundice or Dyspepsia to a common head ache, all of which are the result of a *Diseased Liver*.

The liver is one of the principal regulators of the human body, and when it performs its functions well, the powers of the system are fully developed The stomach is almost entirely dependent on the healthy action of the Liver for the proper performance of its functions. When the stomach is at fault, the bowels are at fault, and the whole system suffers in consequence of one organ—the Liver—having ceased to do its duty. For the diseases of that organ, one of the proprietors has made it his study, in a practice of more than twenty years, to find some remedy wherewith to counteract the many derangements to which it is liable.

To prove that this remedy is at last found, any person troubled with Liver Complaint in any of its forms, has but to try a bottle, and conviction is certain.

A compound has been formed by dissolving gums and extracting that part which is soluble for the active virtues of the medicine. These gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a heal hy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach causing food to digest well, purifying the blood, giving tone and health to the whole machinery, removing the causes of the disease, and effecting a radical cure without any of the disagreeable after effects, felt by using Calomel or Mineral poison, that are usually resorted to.

To all who will follow these directions a cure is positively guaranteed. SICK HEADACHE can be cured by the use of two tea-spoonsful taken as soon as the attack is felt.

The Invigorator *never fails* to cure sour stomach or the bad effects experienced after eating.

Billious attacks yield readily to one bottle, and Chronic Diarrhœa, difficult as it is to cure, is never troublesome to those who take the Invigorator.

For Dyspepsia or Jaundice, nothing in the known world act so fully or cures so quickly as the Invigorator. It removes all yellowness and unnatural color from the skin.

For Night Mare, take a dose before retiring, and it is warranted a sure preventative.

For Female Obstructions it is a safe and sure remedy, as it removes the cause of the disease.

Costiveness cannot exist where the Invigorator is freely taken, while Cholic yields readily to a few doses

It must be known that all these are *Liver* diseases, or caused by a deranged Liver, and to cure them needs a Liver medicine and one of great power. The Invigorator is such a medicine; it has medicinal powers, never before discovered, that will cure all diseases of the Liver, no matter o. how long standing, or what may be their form. The active medicinal virtues extracted from the gums used is such as to be astonishing to all who see their effects, for none can use the medicine without receiving benefit. It acts as a gentle Cathartic, and should always be taken in sufficient quantities to operate on the bowels gently. The best way to rtae it is to take the medicine in the mouth, then take some water and swallow both together. In this way the medicine will scarcely be tasted.

SANFORD & CO., Proprietors, 345 Broadway, New York.

For sale by Dr. B. F. Harry, and Druggist's generally

Feb. 12, 1857.–3m.

A Great Arrival of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

THE undersigned has just returned from the Eastern Cities, with a large stock of Fall and Winter Goods, and is now exhibiting at

CHEAP SIDE,

a general assortment of new style Fall and Winter Goods, comprising Ladies' Dress Goods, in part Crocovella, Satin striped and Plain De Lains, Barred Cashmeres, Thibet Cloths, Alpacas, De Baize, Calicoes, &c.

For Gentlemen and Boys' wear, Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts Vestings, &c.

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Bonnets, Woolen and Rag Carpets, Floor Oil Cloth, Syrup Molasses, White and Brown Sugars, Green and Black Teas, Groceries of all kinds, Queensware, Tubs Buckets, Brooms, &c. Hardware—Shovels, Forks, Knives and Forks, Spoons, &c., and all articles usually kept in stores.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods.

The undersigned will sell cheap for cash, or produce, and hopes by fair dealing to receive his usual share of patronage.

G. W. RUPP.

Oct. 2, 1857.

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing and trading under the firm of Barndollar, Lowry & Co., and Everhart, Ashcom & Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The books &c., are in the hands of Barndollar & Everhart, who are authorized to settle all accounts of the old firm.

G. R. BARNDOLLAR,
J. F LOWRY,
C. W. ASHCOM,
J. C EVERHART.

Hopewell, Nov. 6, 1857.

THE subscribers take this method of informing the public that they will continue the business of merchandising at the old stand, and hope by strict attention to business to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

We have remodeled the Hopewell Mill, and are now ready to grind all kinds of grain for which the highest price will be paid.

BARNDOLLAR & EVERHART.

Hopewell, Nov. 6, 1857.

Estate of Joseph Hunt, dec'd.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted by the Register of Bedford County, to the undersigned, upon the Estate of Joseph Hunt, late of Cumberland Valley Township, dec'd—all persons knowing themselves indebted to said deceased are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having accounts or claims against said Estate, to present them properly authenticated for settlement—either to the undersigned Administratrix, at the late residence of the dec'd, or to the undersigned Administrator, residing in Bedford.

MARIA HUNT, *Administratrix,*
S. RADEBAUGH *Administrator,*
of the Estate of Joseph Hunt, dec'd.

Jan. 1, 1858.–f.

W. HOERKENS,
UPHOLSTERER,

WOULD announce to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity, that he is prepared to do all work in his line, in the best style, and on reasonable terms. MATRASSES, with or without springs, made in a superior manner, equal to the best made in the city, and to this branch of his business he would invite especial attention.—He may be found at the shop of Michael Weisel, a short distance East of the Borough, or at his residence on East Pitt Street, one door west of Maj. Waishabaugh's.

Bedford, Dec. 5, 1856.

NEW FALL GOODS.

THE subscribers have just opened a large assortment of FALL and WINTER GOODS, all of which will be offered at prices to suit the times.—We respectfully invite cash and prompt six month customers to call and examine our stock, assuring them that we shall offer greater inducements than ever heretofore.

Country Produce of all kinds wanted, for which, we will pay the highest price.

A. B. CRAMER & CO

Oct. 16, 1857.

PROFESSOR WOOD'S
HAIR
RESTORATIVE.

For Producing Hair on Bald Heads, and Restoring Grey Hair to its Natural Color.

THIS ASTONISHING AND UNEQUALLED preparation has never failed to produce a growth on Bald Heads, when used according to the direction, and turn hair back to its original color, after having become gray and reinstate it in all its original health, lustre, softness and beauty. Removes at once all scurf, dandruff and unpleasant itching scrofula, eruptions and feverish heat from the scalp. It also prevents the hair from becoming unhealthy and falling off and hence acts as a perfect

HAIR INVIGORATOR AND TONIC.

A gentleman of Boston writes to his friend in New Bedford thus:

To your inquiries, I would reply, that when I first commenced using Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, my hair was almost white, and had been so for the last ten years and it was very thin on the top of my head, and very loose, and pulled out freely; but I found that before I had used all the second bottle, (which was eight weeks) my hair was entirely changed to its original color, light brown, and is now free from dandruff and quite moist. I have had my hair cut five or six times since the change, and have never seen any thing like white hair starting from the roots; and it is now as thick as it ever was, and does not come out at all. It has proved in my case all that I could wish to ask.

July 1, 1855. Yours, etc. —

[From the Boston Herald.]

SOMETHING WORTH KNOWING.—By using Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, gray hair can be permanently restored to its original color. The subjoined certificate from Johnson & Stone, Gardiner, Maine, is but one of the many instances that are daily coming to our knowledge, of its wonderful effects. It is no longer problematical, but a self-evident truth, as hundreds in our community can testify.

GARDINER, Maine, June, 22, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I have used two bottles of Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, and can truly say it is the greatest discovery of the age for restoring and changing the hair. Before using it, I was a man of seventy. My hair has now attained its original color. You can recommend it to the world without the least fear, as my case was one of the worst kind. Yours, respectfully,

Prof. O. J. Wood. D. N. MURPHY.

BROOKFIELD, Massachusetts, Jan. 12, 1855.

DEAR SIR:—Having made a trial of your Hair Restorative, it gives me pleasure to say that its effect has been excellent in removing inflammation dandruff, and a constant itching tendency with which I have been troubled from childhood; and has also restored my hair which was becoming gray, to its original color I have used no other article with anything like the pleasure and profit.

Yours, truly, J. K. BRAGG.
Pastor of the Orthodox Church, Brookfield.
Professor Wood.

[From the Missouri Democrat.]

WOOD'S HAIR DYE.—This admirable article is rapidly improving the hair. No article of a similar kind, now before the public, enjoys a better reputation as a restorative and invigorating hair tonic. Its peculiar chemical qualities have a beneficial effect upon the growth and character of the hair, giving a silky and glossy texture to that which was formerly of a coarse and dry nature.—It has, also, we understand, a tendency to preserve the youthful color and appearance of the hair, and destroying or counteracting the effects of age. With such recommendations in its favor, we hardly perceive how any ladyor gentleman should be without so valuable an adjunct to their toilet.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 312 Broadway, N. Y., and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo.

For sale by Dr. B. F. Harry, and Druggists, generally.

Feb. 12, 1858.–3m.

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP!

THE subscribers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Ashcom" for the purpose of conducting a general

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE

business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-engines, coal and drift-cars, horse powers and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c., &c.

They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves for churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.

A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality, warranted equal to the best eastern make.—Machinery of all kinds repaired promptly.—Patterns made to order.

GILLIARD DOCK,
C. W. ASHCOM.

Nov. 6, 1857,

Great Arrival of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

JUS Received and on hand, the best assortment of **BOOTS and SHOES** that could be selected for the citizens of Bedford, and strangers visiting the place, 1 door south of Minnick's Confectionary Store, on Juliana Street.

Mens' Grained Water-Proof long legged Boots, Mens' thick sole eastern made long legged Boots, Mens' Kip and coarse Heavy Boots, Gents' Fine Calf double sole Boots, Gents' Oxford

BEDFORD INQUIRER.

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GILLIARD DOCK,
C. W. ASHCOM.

Nov. 6, 1857,

PUBLIC SALE
OF
REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the subscriber will offer at public sale, on the premises, in Union Township, on Monday the 22d day of March, next, the following real estate, late the property of Peter Shimer, dec'd viz.

A tract of land, containing **125 Acres**, more or less, of patented land, a considerable portion of limestone; adjoining lands of Shimer's heirs, Isaac Russell, John Fickes and others, with a log dwelling house thereon erected. About **60 Acres** of the land are cleared and in cultivation, and the balance is well timbered.

The land lies about three-fourths of a mile from the public road leading from Bedford to Hollidaysburg, and would be a desirable location for any one wanting a place of that size.

The terms will be—one-third to remain in the land for the use of the widow, one-third in hand at the confirmation of the sale, or sooner, if the purchaser shall desire it, and the remainder in two equal annual payments, without interest, to be secured with the widow's third by judgments, or bonds and mortgage. Possession given when the hand money is paid.

JOHN AKE,
Administrator.

Feb. 19. 1858.

LAST NOTICE!

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TAYLOR & MOWRY.

Jan. 1, 1858.-tf.

JOHN H. ALLEN & CO.

NOS. 2 & 4 CHESTNUT Street, (south side, below Water,) PHILADELPHIA,
(THE OLDEST WOOD-WARE HOUSE, IN THE CITY.)

MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale dealers in Patent Medicine, made *BROOMS*, Patent Grooved *CEDAR-WARE, Warranted not to shrink, WOOD and WILLOW-WARE, CORDS, BRUSHES*, &c., of all descriptions. Please call and examine our stock.

Feb. 27, 1857.-zz.

WALL and BLIND PAPER.—Dr. B. F. Harry is our agent for this necessary article. By calling at his store, our patrons will see samples of our papers. We have made our spring selections with much care, and think we cannot fail to please.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,
Chambersburg.

W. HOERKENS,
UPHOLSTERER.

WOULD announce to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity, that he is prepared to do all work in his line, in the best style, and on reasonable terms. MATRASSES, with or without springs, made in a superior manner, equal to the best made in the city, and to this branch of his business he would invite especial attention.—He may be found at the shop of Michael Weisel, a short distance East of the Borough, or at his residence on East Pitt Street, one door west of Maj. Washabaugh's.

Bedford, Dec. 5, 1856.

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Country Produce of all kinds wanted, for which, we will pay the highest price.

A. B. CRAMER & CO

Oct. 16, 1857.

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February 12, 1858.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,
CHAMBERSBURG, PA.,

BOOKSELLERS and STATIONERS, and Dealers in Music and Musical Instruments. Our stock consists of Books, Stationery, Music, Musical Instruments, Wall papers, Blinds, French, German and American Lithographs and steel engravings, gilt mouldings for frames, etc., etc., wholesale and retail. Dr. B. F. Harry is our agent for Bedford, and all orders given him will be promptly attended to.

March 7, 1857.

"WOODLAND CREAM"—*A Pomade for beautifying the Hair.*—highly perfumed, superior to any French article imported, and for half the price. For dressing Ladies' Hair it has no equal, giving it a bright glossy appearance—It causes Gentlemen's Hair to curl in the most natural manner. It removes dandruff, always giving the hair the appearance of being fresh shampooed. Price only fifty cents. None genuine unless signed

FETRIDGE & CO., Proprietors of the
"Balm of a Thousand Flowers."

For sale by all Druggists. f27:6owz.

Country Physicians, can have their orders filled, with the very best articles, at city prices at Dr. Harry's Cheap Drug Store, Pitt st. Bedford, Penn'a.

Oct. 31, 1856. DR. B. F. HARRY.

WHITE TEETH and a perfumed breath can be acquired by using the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers." To be had at

DR. HARRYS.

March 6, 1857.

LUMBER.

We have for sale seventeen thousand feet of spruce and pine boards—also a large supply of poplar scantling.

Feb 19, 1858. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

RESTAURANT.

THE subscriber still continues his RESTAURANT, AND BAKERY ADN CONFECTIONARY, at his old stand, in the Rising Sun Building, in Juliana street, where he will be pleased to see all his old friends and customers.

He has fitted up an OYSTER ROOM, and will keep on hand throughout the season a full supply of the freshest and choicest OYSTERS the Baltimore market will afford.

He keeps constantly on hand the choicest and best CAKES, CANDIES, FRUITS and NUTS ever offered to the public.

Also. Chambersburg ALE and BEER, constantly on hand, also CIDER and other drinks.

☞ Parties supplied, on the shortest notice, with Ice Cream, Cakes and Confections.

Having served a regular apprenticeship to the above business, and having been constantly engaged in it for many years, he feels confident that he can render satisfaction to all who may favor him with a visit. JOHN J. LUTHER.

Bedford, Nov. 27, 1857.

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
New and Seasonable Goods
At Reed & Minnich's.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Calicoes, Ginghams, Flannels, Tickings, Bleached and unbleached Muslins, Table diaper, Paper and Cambric Muslins, Irish Linen, also a fine assortment of Ladie's Shoes, Gaiters, and Lace Boots, and a variety of Misses' and children's Shoes, which will be sold low for cash.

Feb. 19, 1858.

A Great Arrival of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

THE undersigned has just returned from the Eastern Cities, with a large stock of Fall and Winter Goods, and is now exhibiting at

CHEAP SIDE,

a general assortment of new style Fall and Winter Goods, comprising Ladies' Dress Goods, in part Crocovella, Satin striped and Plain De Lains, Barrel Cashmeres, Thibet Cloths, Alpacas, De Baize, Calicoes, &c.

For Gentlemen and Boys' wear, Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts Vestings, &c.

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Bonnets, Woolen and Rag Carpets, Floor Oil Cloth, Syrup Molasses, White and Brown Sugars, Green and Black Teas, Groceries of all kinds, Queensware, Tubs Buckets, Brooms, &c. Hardware—Shovels, Forks, Knives and Forks, Spoons, &c., and all articles usually kept in stores.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods.

The undersigned will sell cheap for cash, or produce, and hopes by fair dealing to receive his usual share of patronage.

G. W. RUPP.

Oct. 2, 1857.

Estate of Joseph Hunt, dec'd.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted by the Register of Bedford County, to the undersigned, upon the Estate of Joseph Hunt, late of Cumberland Valley Township, dec'd—all persons knowing themselves indebted to said deceased are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having accounts or claims against said Estate, to present them properly authenticated for settlement—either to the undersigned Administratrix, at the late residence of the dec'd, or to the undersigned Administrator, residing in Bedford.

MARIA HUNT, *Administratrix,*
S. RADEBAUGH *Administrator,*
of the Estate of Joseph Hunt, dec'd.

Jan. 1, 1858.-f.

Great Arrival of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

JUS Received and on hand, the best assortment of **BOOTS and SHOES** that could be selected for the citizens of Bedford, and strangers visiting the place, 1 door south of Minnick's Confectionary Store, on Juliana Street.

Mens' Grained Water-Proof long legged Boots, Mens' thick sole eastern made long legged Boots, Mens' Kip and coarse Heavy Boots, Gents' Fine Calf double sole Boots, Gents' Oxford Ties, Gents' Congress Gaiters, Mens' Heavy city made Brogans, Ladies' Morocco Boots, Ladies' Goat Heel Boots, Womens' Calf heavy winter Boots; Misses' and Childrens' Boots in variety, Boys' Boots of all kinds, size and description.

CAPS, in variety, will be always kept on hand.

Persons wishing to purchase good Boots and Shoes will please give me a call before buying elsewhere.

ADAM FERGUSON.

Oct. 2, 1857.

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing and treding under the firm of Barndollar, Lowry & Co., and Everhart, Ashcom & Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The books &c., are in the hands of Barndollar & Everhart, who are authorized to settle all accounts of the old firm.

G. R. BARNDOLLAR,
J. F LOWRY,
C. W. ASHCOM,
J. C EVERHART.

Hopewell, Nov. 6, 1857.

THE subscribers take this method of informing the public that they will continue the business of merchandising at the old stand, and hope by strict attention to business to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

We have remodeled the Hopewell Mill, and are now ready to grind all kinds of grain for which the highest price will be paid.

BARNDOLLAR & EVERHART.

Hopewell, Nov. 6, 1857.

MUSIC & MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.—Pianos, Melodeons, Flutes, Guitars, Brass Horns, Clarionets, Drums, etc., of various manufacture, always on hand. *Bands supplied at city wholesale rates.* We keep always on hand a full assortment of all the new and fashionable music, which we mail *at our expense* to any part of the country.

N. B. Music ranged to order.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,
Chambersburg.

March 7. 1857.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Henry S. King and James Madara, under the name and firm of Madara, King & Co., doing business at Lemnos Iron Works, in Hopewell Township Bedford County, is dissolved by mutual consent. HENRY S. KING,

Nov. 27, 1857.-tf. JAMES MADARA.

THE business of manufacturing iron at Lemnos Iron Works, will be continued by the undersigned, who has purchased all the interest of his late partner James Madara in the books, property and effects, belonging to the late firm of Madara King & Co.

Nov. 27, 1857.-tf. HENRY S. KING.

HAMMERED IRON.

THE subscribers wood inform the public, that they have leased, the Bedford Forge heretofore carried on by John King & Co., situate in Hopewell Township, where they are now manufacturing, and are prepared to supply all orders for every description of hammered Iron, on the shortest notice, and most liberal terms. Their Iron may be relied upon as being of the best quality. All kinds of country produce, and all kinds of wrought Iron scraps, taken at the highest market prices. PIPER & SCOTT.

Nov. 27, 1857.-tf.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded, at all hours of the day or night at Dr. Harry's, Drug Store.

A King. Fr. Jordan.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.
King & Jordan, Attorneys at Law
BEDFORD, PA.,

WILL practice in the several Courts of Bedford and adjoining counties.

Agencies, Collections, and all other business entrusted to their care will be promptly and faithfully attended to.

OFFICE in Juliana street, formerly occupied by D. H. Hofius, Esq., and more recently in the occupancy of Jos Mann, Esq.

January 5, 1855.

JOB MANN, G. H. SPANG.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will promptly attend to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞Office on Juliana Street, three doors south of Mengel House and opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.

MANN & SPANG

June 1,—1854. tf.

HOFIUS & FILLER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
BEDFORD, PA.

WILL PROMPTLY ATTEND TO ALL legal business entrusted to their care.—During the sessions of the court, the senior partner may be found at the office of the firm, two doors south of Hon. S. L. Russell's office.

D. H. HOFIUS,
JNO. H. FILLER.

Bedford, Nov. 28, 1856.

Dr. F. C Reamer,
Physician and Surgeon.

Respectfully tenders his services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity. He may always be found (unless professionally engaged, at his Drug and Book Store, in Juliana St.

Feb. 19, 1857.

SAMUEL RADEBAUGH,
Justice of the Peace.

OFFICE two doors South of the Mengel House, and next door to the office of Mann & Spang, where he will attend to the collection of all claims placed in his hands.

Bedford, Jan. 11, 1856.

DENTIST.
C. H. HICKOK.

Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations in Dental Surgery. Every kind, plugged, regulated, &c., and set Mineral teeth inserted, from one to an entire set.

Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.

☞ Terms INVARIABLY CASH.

Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

IMPORTANT TO MILL OWNERS.

WOODWARD'S Improved Smut and Screening Machines, Mill Bushes, Bolting Cloths, and Bran Dusters, of the most improved pan, Mill Screws, Corn and Cob Grinders, Patent Bridges for Mill Spindles, Portable Mills, warranted to grind ten bushels per hour, Mill Irons and Mill Burrs made to order. Also, Stover's Patent Corn Kiln and Grain Dryer—a valuable invention. The above articles are kept constantly on hand, and can be obtained at any time, from S. D. BROAD.

Schellsburg, Bedford County, who is also the agent for Bedford, Somerset, and adjoining Counties.

Mill wright work done at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

February 15, 1856.

McCORMICK'S Reaper and Mower for sale by S. D. BROAD,

at Schellsburg, Pa., agent for Blair and Bedford counties.

February 15, 1856.

DR. WALTON'S
AMERICAN PILLS.
JOY TO THE AFFLICTED.

YOUNG AMERICA VICTORIOUS!

ONE small box of Pills cures ninety-nine cases out of a hundred. No Balsam, no Mercury, no odor on the breath, no fear of detection. Two small pills a dose; tasteless and harmless as water. Full directions are given, so that the patient can cure himself as certain as with the advice of the most experienced surgeon, and much better than with the advice of one of little experience in this class of disease.

SENT BY MAIL TO ANY PART OF THE COUNTRY by enclosing one dollar to Dr. D. G. Walton, No. 154 North Seventh St. below Race, Philadelphia. *A liberal discount to the trade.* None genuine without the *written* signature of D. G. Walton, Proprietor.

Dr. W.'s treatment for Self-abuse, Weakness, &c., is entirely different from the usual course.—Dr. W. has cured hundreds who have tried others without benefit. The treatment is as certain to cure as the sun is to rise. Enclose a stamp, and address Dr. W. as above; giving a full history of your case, and you will bless the day you made the effort to secure what is certain—A RADICAL CURE.

Jan. 20, 1858.-zz.

THE SECRET INFIRMITIES OF YOUTH AND MATURITY,

Just Published, Gratis, the 25th Thousand.

A FEW WORDS ON THE RATIONAL treatment, without Medicine, of Spermatorrhea or Local Weakness, Nocturnal Emissions, Genital and Nervous Debility, Premature Decay of the System, Impotency, and Impediments, to Marriage generally, by B. DE LANEY, M. D.

The important fact that the many alarming complaints, originating the imprudence and solitude of youth, may be easily removed WITHOUT MEDICINE, is in this small tract, clearly demonstrated; and the entirely new and highly successful treatment, as adopted by the Author, fully explained, by means of which every one is enabled to cure HIMSELF perfectly and at the least possible cost, thereby avoiding all the advertised nostrums of the day.

Sent to any address, gratis and post free in a sealed envelope, by remitting two postage stamps to Dr. DE LANEY, 17, Lispenard Street, New York.

Nov. 13, 1857.

NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary having been granted to the subscriber, residing in the Borough of Bedford, on the Estate of Mary Ann Davidson, late of Bedford Township, dec'd, all persons having claims or demands against said estate are requested to make the same known without delay, and those indebted are notified to make payment immediately. S. L. RUSSELL,

Feb. 5, 1858.-f. *Executor.*

STONEWARE.—Cream Crocks, Milk Crocks of all sizes; Butter Dishes, from one to one and a half gallon Pitchers, all of which are of best quality, for sale by

A. FERGUSON.

Bedford, Jan. 16, 1856.

WAGONS.

THREE new two horse wagons on hand, work warranted—will be sold on a liberal credit—or exchanged for produce.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Feb. 19, 1858.

For the Hair—Jockey Club, and new mown hay, pomatums, genuine ox marrow at Dr. Harry's.

25 WITNESSES;
or, THE
FORGER CONVICTED.
John S. Dye is the Author,

Who has had 10 years experience as a Banker and Publisher, and Author of

A series of Lectures at the Broadway Tabernacle,

when, for 10 successive nights over ☞ 50,000 People ☜

Greeted him with Rounds of Applause, while he exhibited the manner in which Counterfeiters execute their Frauds, and the Surest and Shortest Means of Detecting them!

The Bank Note Engravers all say that he is the greatest Judge of Paper Money living.

GREATEST DISCOVERY OF the Present Century for Detecting Counterfeit Bank Notes.

Describing every Genuine Bill in Existence, and exhibiting at a glance every Counterfeit in Circulation!!

Arranged so admirably, that REFERENCE is EASY and DETECTION INSTANTANEOUS.

☞ No index to examine! No pages to hunt up! But so simplified and arranged, that the Merchant, Banker, and Business Man can see *all at a Glance.*

English, French and German.

Thus Each may read the same in his own Native Tongue.

Most Perfect Bank Note List Published.

Also a List of

All the Private Bankers in America.

A Complete Summary of the FINANCE OF EUROPE AND AMERICA will be published in each edition, together with all the important NEWS OF THE DAY. Also

A SERIES OF TALES

From an Old Manuscript found in the East. It furnishes the Most Complete History of

ORIENTAL LIFE,

Describing the Most Perplexing Positions in which the Ladies and Gentlemen of that Country have been so often found. These Stories will continue throughout the whole year, and will prove the Most Entertaining ever offered to the Public.

☞ Furnished Weekly to Subscribers only, at $1 a year. All letters must be addressed to

JOHN S. DYE, Broker,
Publisher and Proprietor, 70 Wall Street,
April 24, 1857-zz. New York.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR. Circulation, over 100,000 Copies Weekly.

H. D. PEUGH, ETTIE A. FISHBURN.

NEW FANCY STORE.

MRS. H. D. PEUGH & Co., respectfully invite the attention of the ladies of Bedford and vicinity, to their new and handsome stock of goods, just opened in "Mann's Building," Juliana Street, opposite Dr. Reamer's Drug Store. These goods have been selected with the greatest care, and are of the latest styles and best quality.

Their stock consists in part of

Moire Antique Silks,
All Wool De Laines,
Do do " (printed.)
Black Gro de Rhine,
French Merino, (plain and printed.)
Moss Head Fringes,
Bugle Laces,
Ladies' Kid Gloves,
Ladies' Gauntlets,
Gents' Black Kid Gloves,
Black and Fancy Elastic Belts,
Chenille Trimmings,
Chenille Scarfs,
Chenille Head Dresses,
Fancy French Corsets,
Velveteen, &c., &c.

Ladies and Children's **BONNETS**, in great variety.

A general assortment of Ladies' and Misses' SHOES, GAITERS, OVER SHOES, &c.

SHAWLS

of every quality and description.

PERFUMERY, EXTRACTS, JEWELRY, &c, &c.

Bedford, Oct. 30, 1857.

STAGE OFFICE.
WASHINGTON HOTEL,
Bedford, Pa.

MRS. MARY COOK would announce to her friends and the public, that she has fitted up this old and well known stand, in a very superior style, for the accommodation of the public. Visitors to the Bedford Mineral Springs will find the Washington Hotel a comfortable summer retreat—and no pains will be spared to please all who patronize the house.

Boarders will be taken by the day, week, month and year.

☞A gentleman of high qualification, and corteous department, has charge of the house, who will do all in his power to make the guests happy and comfortable.

☞Terms as moderate as anywhere else in the place.

Daily Stages from Latrobe, Cumberland, Hollidaysburg and Hopewell, all stop at this Hotel.

A Hack belonging to this Hotel will run between Bedford and the Springs.

Bedford, June 12, 1857.-zz.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,
PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution, established by special endowment for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic diseases.

TO all persons afflicted with Sexual Diseases, such as SPERMATORRHŒA, SEMINEL WEAKNESS, IMPOTENCE, GONORRHŒA, GLEET, SYPHILLIS, the Vice of ONANISM, or SELF ABUSE, &c., &c.

The HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions practised upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon as a CHARITABLE ACT worthy of their name, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms and to give MEDICAL ADVICE GRATIS, to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c..) and in cases of extreme poverty, to FURNISH MEDICINES FREE OF CHARGE. It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors, on a review of the past, feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort, have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote themselves, with renewed zeal, to this very important but much despised cause.

Just published by the Association, a Report on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the Vice of Onanism, Masturbation or Self-Abuse, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, which will be sent by mail, (in a sealed letter envelope,) FREE OF CHARGE, on receipt of TWO STAMPS for postage.

Address, for Report or treatment, Dr. GEORGE R. CALHOUN, Consulting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

By order of the Directors.

EZRA D. HEARTWELL, *President.*
GEO. FAIRCHILD, *Secretary.*
Dec. 4, 1857.-zz.

LUMBER! LUMBER!

100,000 WHITE PINE LAP SHINGLES, Pine Boards, at $9 per M. Will be sold for half cash and half Grain or Flour.

Apply to WM. LITZINGER,
Loretto, Cambria Co., Pa.

Feb.26, 1858.-c*

THE INQUIRER

Is published every Friday morning, in Juliana Street, in the white frame building, nearly opposite the Mengel House, by

DAVID OVER.

TERMS:

If paid in advance, $1.50; within the year, $2.00; and if not paid within the year, $2.50 will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid—except at the option of the Editor. A failure to notify a discontinuance will be regarded as a new engagement.

Advertisements not exceeding a square, (12 lines,) inserted three times for $1—every subsequent insertion, 25 cents. Longer ones in the same proportion. Each fraction of a square counted as a full square. All advertisements not specially ordered for a given time will be continued until forbid. A liberal deduction will be made to those who advertise by the year.

Job Printing of all kinds executed neatly and promptly and on reasonable terms.

Bedford Classical School, AND
FEMALE SEMINARY.
Male and Female Departments Distinct.

REV. G. W. AUGHINBAUGH, A. M., Principal,

Mrs. GEO. W. AUGHINBAUGH, Preceptress.

MISS CORNELIA A. EVARTS, Music, French, Drawing, &c.

Mrs. LUCY SPOTTSWOOD, Oil Painting and Shell Work,

Miss MARY HELEN SMITH, Assistant.

THE duties of this Institution will be resumed on Monday, Aug. 31st. Owing to the limited accommodations of the Seminary Building, the number of pupils will be limited. It is important, therefore, that applications for admission be made at an early day. Those who enter *before* the expiration of half the quarter, will be charged for the whole quarter; those who enter *after* the expiration of half the quarter, will be charged for the half quarter. No deduction made for absence except in cases of *protracted* illness.

In this school students are prepared for the higher classes of any college, or to enter at once upon the active duties of life.—Whilst special care is taken to form in our pupils habits of *order, strict punctuality* and *thoroughness*, their Physical, Moral and Social Education is not neglected.

The government of the school is designed to be *parental*. It is the aim of the Principal and his associates to excite in their pupils a love of *right doing;* and to awaken within them some proper consciousness of the dignity of humanity. Parents may rest assured that any *gross* delinquency on the part of their children will be reported to them immediately, should circumstances require it, or the discipline of the school fail to accomplish the desired reformation.

TERMS per quarter of 11 weeks, including Board, Tuition, Furnished Room, Washing, Light and Fuel, $40.00,—one-half in advance.

EXTRA CHARGES.

Music,	$10 00
Use of Instrument,	2 00
French,	5 00
Drawing, and painting in Water Colors, each,	5 00
Oriental Painting,	5 00
Grecian Painting,	5 00
Oil Painting,	10 00
Ornamental Needle Work,	5 00
Shell Work,	5 00

TERMS FOR DAY SCHOLARS.

Elementary English,	$4 00
Higher,	4 00
Classics,	6 25

Bedford, August 6, 1857.

New Jewelry.

THE subscriber has opened out a new and splendid assortment of all kinds of the most fashionable Jewelry—consisting in part of Breast Pins, Finger Rings, Ear Rings, &c. &c. Call and see his stock.

del4 DANIEL FORDER.

DR. B. F. HARRY

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt-Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. J. H. Hofius.

Nov. 6. 1857.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

DR. HARRY, at the Cheap Drug and Book Store, has just received, a large assortment of the best flavoring extracts, together with Baking Soda, Cream of Tartar, Saleratus, &c., of the very best quality, all of which he will sell the lowest prices.

Plastering Laths!!

THE UNDERSIGNED having erected a Mill for sawing PLASTERING LATHS on his premises in Union Tp., Bedford county, is now ready to furnish any quantity on the shortest notice. Price $1.50 per thousand, 3 ft. long. Other lengths in proportion.

Letters addressed to me at St. Clairsville, will be promptly attended to.

WM. GRIFFITH.

Union Tp., Feb. 16, 1854.-zz.

BROAD TOP COAL,
FROM RIDDLESBURG COLLIERY.

THE subscribers are now engaged in shipping COAL from the celebrated Riddlesburg Bank, by Railroad to Hopewell, at as low price as can be furnished by any other persons in the country.

Persons desiring a good article will find it to their advantage to call on them, or on their agent, T. M. Smith, at Hopewell

OSBOURNE & CRESSWELL.

Dec. 11, 1857.-3m.

Gettys' Photographic Gallery,
'EXCHANGE BUILDING,' BEDFORD, PA.

WHERE Ambrotypes, Daguerreotypes, &c &c., are executed in the latest style and improvements of the Art. A full assortment of plain and fancy cases, gold and plated Lockets at very low prices.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his specimens.

T. R. GETTYS, Ja.

May 22,1857.

NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration de bonis non having been granted to the subscriber, residing in the Borough of Bedford, on the estate of Margaret Davidson, late of Bedford Township, dec'd, all persons having claims or demands against said estate, are requested to make the same known without delay, and those indebted to make payment immediately.

S. L. RUSSELL,
Ad'mr de bonis non.

Feb. 19, 1858.-6t.

The Great English Remedy.
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
Celebrated Female Pills.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES

It is peculiarly suited. It will in a short time bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.

These Pills should not be taken by females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions accompany each package.

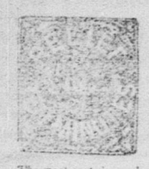
Sole Agent for the United States and Canada,

JOB MOSES,
(Late I. C. Baldwin & Co.,)
Rochester, N. Y.

N. B. $1.00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle of the Pills by return mail.

For sale by Dr. B. F. Harry.

Sept 18 1857-zz.



BRYAN'S
PULMONIC
WAFERS.

The most certain and speedy remedy ever discovered for all Diseases of the Chest and Lungs Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, Sore Throat, &c. &c.

PULMONIC WAFERS give the most instantaneous and perfect relief, and when persevered with according to directions, never fail to effect a rapid and lasting cure. Thousands have been restored to perfect health who have tried other means in vain. To all classes and all constitutions they are equally a blessing and a cure—none need despair, no matter how long the disease may have existed, or however severe it may be, provided the organic structure of the vital organs is not hopelessly decayed. Every one afflicted should give them an impartial trial.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor Rochester, N. Y.

Price 25 cents per box

For sale by Dr. B. F. Harry.

Sept. 18, 1857-zz.

DRUGS, BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
DR. F. C. REAMER,
BEDFORD, PA.

HAVING purchased the Drug and Book Store of Dr. S. D. Scott, has constantly on hand, at the old stand, a large and well selected stock of choice Drugs and Medicines, wholesale and retail, all of which will be sold on fair terms. The assortment consists in part of

Drugs and Chemicals, Dye Woods and Acids, Paints and Oils, Window Glass and Glass Ware, Tobacco and Segars Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c., &c.

PATENT MEDICINES.—Having the regular agency for the sale of many of these medicines, the public are assured that they are of the best; such as have stood the test of time and experience, and can be safely recommended as genuine. viz: Townsend's and Sand's Sarsaparilla, Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Moffat's Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters, Dr. Jayne's Family Medicines, Fahnstock's, Hobensack's and other vermifuge; Hoofland's German Bitters, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand a large stock historic, geographical, scientific religious, poetical, school and miscellaneous BOOKS.

Also a great variety of FANCY STATIONERY, Cap, Post and Wrapping Paper, of every quality, Paper Hangings in great variety. Window Blinds, in patterns or by the piece. Wall Paper, Steel and Fancy Goods.

BLANK BOOKS of every size and quality.—Pocket Books and Port Mounnies, Diaries, Blank Deeds and Mortgages, gold Pens and Pencils, Combs, Brushes, Perfumery in great variety, Soaps, &c., &c.

Lamps, and Camphine Oil and Burning Fluid, kept constantly on hand.

CHOICE LIQUORS for medical use; Wolff's Schiedam Schnapps, Gin, Port, Sherry and Madeira Wines.

Feb. 19, 1857.

Gift and Retail Book Store.

NOW OPENED TWO DOORS WEST OF THE WASHINGTON HOTEL, BEDFORD, PA.

NEW AND VALUABLE BOOKS TO BE DISPOSED OF IMMEDIATELY.

Our Plan is to Insure a Rapid Sale.

ALL Books will be sold as low as the usual retail prices, many of them for less. A SUPERB GIFT will be delivered with each book, without additional expense to the buyer. Our list of books comprises the works of the best American and European authors, bound in various styles, in Morocco, best Turkish, Antique, Gilt edged, Muslin, Paper, &c., &c. We keep on hand, also, STATIONERY, including Gold Pens and Pencils, Silver ditto, letter paper, foolscap and writing paper of all kinds, envelopes, inks of the best quality, &c.

Jewelry—Breast-pins, Ear-rings, Finger-rings, of all descriptions; Watches and Chains, Portmonaes; Perfumeries, Children's Belts, Toys, Cravats, &c., &c., &c.

CIGARS of the choicest brands will also be found at our store, which will be sold cheaper than the cheapest.

McCAUSLIN & SHOEMAKER.

Bedford, Sept. 4, 1857.

How to Save Money.

ALL persons who are in want of good and very cheap chairs and Cabinet Furniture, can now have an opportunity of saving money, by calling on the subscriber, and selecting such articles as they may need, from a large stock now on hand, which will be sold lower than the same can be bought in this County. You who are about to commence housekeeping will do well by calling on me, as there will be great reductions made in suits of Furniture.

You will see the truth of the above statement by looking at the following list of prices:

Chairs from	$1.50	to	$30.00 per sett.
Bedsteads	2.50	"	15.00
Tables	2.50	"	20.00
Bureaus	10.00	"	35.00
Cupboards	5.00	"	12.00
Wash Stands	1.50	"	6 00
Work Stands	1.00	"	5.00
Candle Stands	1.00	"	3.00

All other articles in proportion.

All articles warranted.

ISAAC MENGEL, Jr.

Feb. 19, 1858.

THE MENGEL HOUSE,
Valentine Steckman,
PROPRIETOR.

Boarders taken by the day week month and year.

April 25, 1856—tf